### TALE OF THE TIMES.



BY

THE AUTHOR OF A GOSSIP'S STORY.

DEDICATED BY PERMISSION TO MRS, CARTER.

IN THREE VOLUMES.

#### VOL. I.

While Hope pictures to us a flattering scene of suture bliss, let us deny its pencil those colours which are too bright to be lasting.—When hearts deserving happiness would unite their fortune, Virtue would crown them with an unsading garland of modest, hurtless slowers; but ill-judging passion will force the gaudier rose into the wreath, whose thorn offends them when its leaves are dropt.

SHERIDAN'S Rivals.

### LONDON:

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1799.

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Some recent publications may, perhaps, make it necessary for the Author of the subsequent Work, in order to evade the censure of plagiarism, to state, that she could, if necessary, produce the testimony of several respectable witnesses, to prove that the entire plot of the following story, and nearly three parts of the writing, were finished previously to the appearance of the play called "The Stranger" at Drury-lane Theatre; and that she is not conscious of having borrowed one idea from that much-admired performance.

She has feen two works advertifed, which she has been informed bear a resemblance to her own plan: "Let"ters from an Hindoo Rajah;" and
"Wal-

"Waldroff; or, the Dangers of Phi"losophy." As she has never met with either, she cannot tell how far her sentiments may be similar to theirs.

There is a class of writers to whom the owns herself under some obligations, as they not only suggested to her the portrait of her complete villain, but also surnished her with several specious passages, which she has appropriated, unaltered, to the character of Fitzos-borne. She could specify the quotations, with the names of the authors; but perhaps their liberality will be better pleased with a general acknowledgment.

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### TALE OF THE TIMES.

## CHAP. I.

Forth steps the spruce philosopher, and tells
Of homogeneal and discordant springs
And principles; of causes, how they work
By necessary laws their sure effects;
Of action and reaction. He has found
The source of the disease that nature seels,
And bids the world take heart, and banish fear.

COWPER.

MRS. PRUDENTIA HOMESPUN again begs leave to return thanks to the world for its very favourable reception of her lucubrations. She is now firmly convinced, that the clamours which are circulated against the injustice and bad taste of the times, may be considered vol. 1.

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either as the declamations of disappointed ambition, or the ebullitions of malevolent spleen, soured by the success of fome happier rival. She conceives herfelf to be particularly fortunate in existing at a period more favourable to mental exertions than those which have been commonly deemed the golden ages of literature. Contemplating from her eafy chair the vast extent of modern discoveries, not only in the sciences, but in morals and government, and extending her meditations from reflection on what her learned co-adjutors have done, to speculation on what they propose doing, the is compelled to acknowledge, that the close of the eighteenth century claims distinguished preeminence for those indubitable marks of genius, originality in enterprise, and boldness of invention, over the colder eras of Pericles, Augustus, and the Medici.

Medici. Nay, she will go so far as to affirm, that the labours of the "New Philosophy" will be remembered by their effects, when the theories of all former schools shall be forgotten.

It must be very gratifying to a retired old woman, to confider that her productions may fail down this swelling stream of fame with those of her immortal contemporaries. She confesses that her ideas differ in some respects from theirs; but as every one professes the same end. namely, the improvement of the universe, she rejoices that she is permitted, by the liberality of the times, to diffeminate her own peculiar fentiments. If fhe be of opinion, that Morality appeared to better advantage when she was contented to be the handmaid of Piery, than fince she has set up for an independent character; if she be convinced, that the abilities and attainments of man are in

this life fo limited, that he will never be able to "wield these elements," to endow a machine with intellectual powers, or to array himself with a self-invested immortality; if the be perfuaded, that the filial and conjugal ties are no remnants of feudal barbarism, but happy institutions, calculated to promote domestic peace; if the has been taught, that religion is more than fentiment, and female virtue fomething stronger than exterior decorum; if the shudder at the eloquence which extenuates implety, terms feduction an amiable frailty, and gaming an elegant amusement condemned by the infane morality of the law: furely the may hope for that celebrity which a bold opposition to received opinions generally ensures. ... Nay, should she even prefer the Gothic ruff and pinner, as better adapted to British wives and mothers than the loofe drapery of Grecian 27.12 Bacchanals,

plain

Bacchanals, or the more offensive appearance of uncivilized favages, though recommended by the fanction of Parifian enthusiasts, when, with more than Pagan infatuation or cannibal infensibility, they meet to commemorate in their festive dances-not the triumphs of their Gods, nor the death of their enemiesbut the murder of their parents, their husbands, and their children; may she not plead a close attention to the costume of manners, and reproach the fenfual copyists of a Cleopatra or an Aspasia with want of energy, who adopt all the characteristics of the archetype, of which they exhibit a degrading model?

Her intention in resuming the pen is to enforce her opinions by argument, and to illustrate them by example; and she reveals those intentions thus early, that the lover of the wonderful, and the admirer of the horrisic, may not complain of having been cheated into the perusal of a performance that has not only a plan for its conduct, but also a moral tendency in its design. Mrs. Prudentia intends to lead her readers through no other labyrinth than the wiles of systematic depravity, nor to present any object more soul-harrowing than a deceived and entangled, but ultimately penitent heart.

While she confesses that the ground-work of her story has a remote analogy to some well-known facts, she strongly reprobates the idea of personality. The incidents are all her own, and it is only in one portrait that she has attempted to sketch a likeness from nature. She assures the censorious, that, even in that portrait, she has so adjusted the drapery and varied the colours, that it will be impossible for the most curious eye to discover who sat for the outline.

Though

Though regardless whether the fashionable inftructors of the day record her as one of their kindred spirits, or condemn her for being a fervile admirer of prescribed forms and reprobated restrictions, there is a numerous class of readers. whose favour Mrs. Prudentia is anxiously folicitous to obtain-the truly liberal, and the fincerely good. With candour to forgive small faults, they unite discernment to discover good intentions, and courage to defend the cause of principle against the sarcasms of wit, and the cool contempt of piqued infidelity. To fuch readers, and fuch critics, she submits the following pages; and as a proper representative of the illustrious order, she intreats

### MRS. CARTER

to accept her public thanks for the invaluable honour of her approbation of

the Writer's former efforts, and her permission to inscribe these pages with her respected name. If the present attempt should appear favourable to the cause of morality and religion, the humbly hopes, that the lenity inseparable from superior talents will pardon those errors in the composition, which an accurate tastemust discover and disapprove.

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The fairest ancestry on earth. Without defert, is poor; And every deed of lotty worth Is but a claim for more.

SIR ELDRED OF THE BOWER.

Some reasons, which are not necessary to be developed in the following pages, made me wish to take a little excursion from Danbury in the course of last autumn. A generous Public having supplied the means, I hired a one-horse chaife, and taking with me my whole family, confisting of my maid Betty and my favourite old tabby cat, fet out for Brighton. I there heard a narrative which made a very deep impression upon my mind; and, as the communicativeness of my disposition will not allow me to conceal any thing which I imagine capable

pable of conveying instruction, or even innocent amusement, to that worthy set of beings, whom, in common with my fifter authors, I term candid readers, I have determined to prefer publishing the History of the Countess of Monteith to a particular description of my own travels. To this resolution I may, perhaps, have been influenced by a culpable degree of modesty. The public, no doubt, are very anxious to know how many miles a day Betty and I journeyed; at what inns we stopped, and what we had for fupper. Could not a florid description bestow some sprigs of same on the chalky cliffs of Dunstable? Might not the horrors of Woburn fands be rendered more gloomy by a convenient whirlwind, hurrying into the air the arid foil? Is there no old decayed manor house, where 1 could call forth the " sheeted dead to fqueak and gibber;" or, supposing we

were benighted on Finchley-common, could either Rhætian or Carpathian Alps fix a more appropriate station for the haunts of a banditti? Though in a former publication I have unwarily announced my age and order, Betty, for aught the world knows, may be young and beautiful; nay, she may be an orphan foundling, the heiress of some distinguished family; and I may, if I chuse, after a long feries of adventures, unite her in the hymeneal bond with some allaccomplished youth, who had previously rescued us from the robbers after a most bloody engagement. I begin to suspect that I have chosen the less promising, or rather the less lucrative plan; but I entreat my readers to believe, that it is not because I want powers for the terrific and the romantic, that I cominue to purfue the moral and the probable. Something must be allowed to my defire

of supporting that character of firmness ascribed to my sisterhood, and which, though it fimply confifts in chufing to have our own way, the wits are apt to call pertinacity. I will also candidly own, that, fince the superior station in this walk is already occupied by real genius, I have too much prudence to enter into a competition, where I shall be fure to meet with a defeat; and too much pride to enlift among a herd of fervile imitators, who mistake confusion for description, and fancy that what is horribly impossible, must be interesting and grand. But, as my days of dotage are not far distant, if lady Monteith should be unfortunate in her appeal for attention, I and Betty may appear upon the scene; even my cat too may be introduced in an epifode. I have feen a subject equally unpromiting worked up to an aftonishing effect, and really admired by readers who

who had been some years out of the nursery:—But, instead of terrifying the world with a denunciation of what I may do, let me hasten to fulfil my present promise.

IT is now more than ten years fince Powerscourt House exhibited a scene of festivity and hospitality unrivalled in modern times, and which might ferve to recal to the mind of the spectator the fplendid fêtes of Kenilworth, where the lady of the lake welcomed the approach of majesty, and the cruel dissolute earl of Leicester fought to divert general attention from his vices by a captivating display of elegance and amusement. The motives of the venerable baronet who inhabited Powerscourt were widely different from those of the haughty favourite of Elizabeth. His wife was too inoffensive to fear censure; his heart never panted for court-favour; and the praise

of magnificence or refined taste presented no attractions to his unobtrusive and benevolent mind. He called all the country together, and strove to make them very happy, because he was very happy himself; and the occasion of this exuberant joy was the union of his only daughter and heiress, Geraldine Powerscourt, with James earl of Monteith, a young Nobleman who had just attained complete majority, and acceded to all the splendid titles and fortune of the house of Macdonald.

Beside all the beauty and sashion of North Wales, these distinguished nuptials were honoured by the presence of two deities, generally supposed to be absolutely inimical to each other. Cupid and Plutus, forgetting ancient enmity, agreed jointly to light the Hymeneal torch. It was impossible to suppose a union contracted under a more perfect coinci-

coincidence of harmonious equality. The families on both fides might be faid to lose themselves in the clouds; for their claims to pre-eminence, advancing far beyond the limit of authentic history, foared into regions which no prudent antiquary would dare to explore. The lineal honours of these illustrious families rested upon a furer basis than mere oral tradition. Sir William Powerfcourt could point out the spot of ground where his Ordovician ancestor harangued his vaffals before he mounted his scythearmed car, and led them to join the British forces affembled at Caradoc: and an aunt of lord Monteith's preferved the beak of the galley, which conveyed Donald king of the Isles from Illa, when he paid a vifit of ceremony to his contemporary Fergus, some hundred years prior to the invasion of the Romans. It is true, that fome incredulous critics, whom nothing

nothing can convince, doubted whether the feudal customs, with which Sir William embellished his narrative, existed at that remote period; and I have heard a whisper, that the venerable relic which lady Madelina so carefully preferved was nothing more than the remains of a great gilded dragon, originally suspended over a Chinese temple belonging to her ladyship's maternal great-grandfather, though so happily executed, that, like Hamlet's cloud, you might say it was equally like a "camel, or an ousel, or a whale."

But though these vestiges of remote superiority might rather excite the doubts than fix the conviction of the observer of costume, the Macdonalds and Powerscourts preferred indubitable claims to the honours of antiquity,—extensive influence and ample possessions. It sometimes happens, that close attention to adventitious

ventitious or fantasticappendages induces us to overlook inherent permanent qualities. Lady Madelina's zeal for the dignity of her family was fo warmly exercifed in the defence of old Donald's galley, that she had no leisure to advert to the fearless intrepidity and the generous liberality with which her ancestors defended the rights of their clan, and fuccoured their oppressed dependants during the period that the house of Stuart fate upon the Scottish throne. " They shone the glory of the north" till after the restoration; but the reign of Charles the fecond, so fatal to principle and morality, first contaminated the house of Monteith, and fapped the foundations of its feudal greatness. In the voluptuous court of that diffipated monarch, the then earl forgot the wild shores of Loch Lomond, and the "flowery borders of the ancient Forth;" and abandoning his castle

eastle to ruin, and his dependants to defpair, glittered a faint fatellite in the train of tinfel greatness. His extravagance and prodigality were in fome degree repaired by the alliance of his fucceffor with the heires of a rich Blackwellhall factor; but the archives of the family are rather filent upon that head, and lady Madelina could never relate a fingle anecdote explanatory of the event of those difgraceful nuptials. Since that period, the Macdonalds had persevered in the plan of leaving the family estate, clear from incumbrances, to the eldeft son, The younger fons either fell in the defence of their country, or starved in some obscure corner, while the daughters had only their high birth to add to the perfonal qualifications of merit and beauty, advantages not always sufficient to attract the mercenary heart of man. With no other portion lady Madelina herself beflowed

stowed on the fortunate head of the house of Frazer, the inestimable treasure of her hand. He was indeed far advanced into the vale of years, and his title was only fimple Sir Simon; but her ladyship preferred him to all the dukes, marquiffes, and earls, who, according to the indubitable testimony of herself and her maid Peggy, had for more than twenty years unremittingly implored her compassion.

The father of the young earl, whose nuptials with the heiress of Powerscourt have been announced in the beginning of this chapter, fell a victim to the demon of modern honour, about the fame time that the pale orgies of diffipation had made a visible inroad in his lady's health. The shock at the dreadful circumstances of his exit hastened the cruel attacks of disease, and she expired a few months after her lord. The noble pair had ever found each other's fociety too

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Inches:

vapid to dispel the gloom of one domestic evening; yet his lordship conceived himself obliged to resent the intrusion of a young officer, who entered her ladyship's box at the opera at a time when the earl was of her party. He fell at the first fire, and the countess found it impossible to furvive him. The fcandalous chronicles of the age afferted, that the colonel's appearance was neither unexpected nor unwelcome to any but the earl, and that disappointment, and the necessity of feclusion and œconomical retrenchment, barbed the mortal dart of woe in the bosom of the fair inconsolable. Till I am convinced that jealoufy is the only motive which can direct the attention of a husband to his own wife, and that connubial forrow wants energy to break the fragile thread of female existence, I shall adhere to my own reprefentation of this catastrophe.

Lord

Lord Monteith, following the example of his progenitors, left his estate totally unincumbered to his only fon James. His beautiful daughter Arabella found a protectres in the friendship of her aunt, lady Madelina, who adopted her as her own daughter, and publicly declared her resolution, in case fhe should produce no heir to the house of Frazer, to bequeath to her all the ample poffessions with which fir Simon's tender gratitude had endowed his beloved bride. At the age of seventeen, after having experienced the adulation and the luxury of two London winters, the lovely Arabella fet out for her aunt's castle situated in the wilds of Lochaber. where, by the indisposition of fir Simon, now reduced to a state bordering upon fecond childhood, she had the melancholy prospect of being perfectly immured.

Her brother's plans were more eligible and agreeable. His guardians infifted that in his education he should purfue the routine usually adopted by young men of his elevated rank. He had been entered at one of our public schools, and thence removed to the University. To counteract a dangerous propenfity to the fatal allurements of Newmarket, it was proposed immediately after his father's death, that he should make the tour of Europe. He returned when of age, assumed the fortunes of his family, and with them the representation of the ancient peerage of Scotland in the British Parliament, an honour which had been for some time enjoyed by his ancestors.

Since the forms of his election rendered necessary his presence at Holyrood House, he could not avoid paying a visit to the seat of his family. His

manners were popular, his countenance strikingly prepossessing, and his person dignified, athletic, and graceful. The Highlanders recognized in the "bonny Lad" the true representative of the house of Macdonald; and the ancient dependants, who, fince their lairds had deferted Monteith, vegetated on the spot which the attachments of their youth rendered eminently dear to them, led their young master the tour of his domain, and pointed out to him its local advantages. They endeavoured to direct his attention to the maffy grandeur of his castle walls, the extensive prospect enjoyed from its turrets, and the faded magnificence of its mouldering furniture. They repeatedly affured him, that in his grandfather's time Monteith boafted a distinguished preference over the abode of any other Highland chieftain. The young Nobleman was not passionately attached

attached to ruins; the stormy winds, howling through the long galleries, difturbed his repose, and he wished for no nearer acquaintance with the genius of the tempest. He bestowed with a liberal hand fuch relief as would afford poverty a temporary aid; but, without exerting fufficient patience to investigate the cause of the calamity, or fusicient courage to redress the evils which even a curfory glance discovered, he hastened to Kinloch Castle, to pay his dutiful respects to lady Madelina.

Neither the manners nor the refidence of her ladyship were calculated to remove the disgust with which "Scot and Scotland had inspired him." The house was situated on a bare precipice, the of Monteith, she carried with her all her " Household Gods," I mean, the venerable inhabitants of the picture gallery, and the screens, chairs, and tapestry hangings, with which the white-armed spinsters of Macdonald had fuccessively decorated their family-seat. Sir Simon, doubtless, felt sincere exultation at this valuable acquifition; he only stipulated that the remains of his progenitors should not yield their places to the new comers. A coalition was therefore formed, and every wall and apartment in the castle was crowded with multiplied garniture. Screen concealed screen, chair supported chair; a stripe of Jacob meeting Esau repaired the difastrous rents too visible in the

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Neither the manners nor the refidence of her ladyship were calculated to remove the disgust with which "Scot and Scotland had inspired him." The house was situated on a bare precipice, the foot of which was washed by the stormy sea that separated the main land from the Hebrides. When its amiable mistress removed from the deserted walls of Monteith, she carried with her all her " Household Gods," I mean, the venerable inhabitants of the picture gallery, and the screens, chairs, and tapestry hangings, with which the white-armed spinsters of Macdonald had fuccessively decorated their family-seat. Sir Simon, doubtless, felt sincere exultation at this valuable acquifition; he only stipulated that the remains of his progenitors should not yield their places to the new comers. A coalition was therefore formed, and every wall and apartment in the castle was crowded with multiplied garniture. Screen concealed screen, chair supported chair; a stripe of Jacob meeting Esau repaired the difastrous rents too visible in the taking of Troy, and puzzled the Ciceroni who attempted to unravel the confused history; while Frazers and Macdonalds, placed in full opposition, C VOL. I. frowned frowned fierce defiance upon each other, regardless of the bond which now united the once rival families, and ungrateful to lady Madelina's eloquence, who gratuitously performed the part of eulogist to them all.

On the third day after her nephew's arrival, when she had explained the family exploits to the eleventh century, he unluckily recollected a most pressing engagement which called him instantly to London. The occasion was fo urgent, that he could not possibly stay to hear the fate of some collateral branches which were then divided from the parent stock. Lord Monteith threw himfelf into his post-chaife, and fo strongly did the connections of his ancestors rouse his domestic feelings, that he could think of nothing but getting a good husband for his fifter, to free her from her confinement, till different scenes excited gayer ideas.

#### CHAP. III.

In this calm feat he drew the healthful gale,
The happy monarch of his fylvan train;
Here, fided by the guardians of his fold,
He walk'd his rounds, and cheer'd his bleft domain;
His days, the days of unftain'd nature, roll'd,
Replete with peace and joy, like patriarchs of old.
Thomson.

In the preceding Chapter I introduced my readers to the family of the bridegroom; but I must bestow several on that of the bride.

Sir William Powerscourt's was certainly a most singular character, and in one particular he widely differed from many gentlemen of his rank in society. His strong attachment to the seat of his ancestors was more the result of generous philanthropy than of any lucrative consideration. Tis true, he considered Powerscourt-house as circumscribing

within its domain all the beauties that fancy ever feigned; but, as he rode round his estate, his feelings resembled those of a conscientious guardian rather than of a felf-accountable owner, and the landlord and master were in his beneficent bosom ever funk in the milder qualities of the protector and the friend. His hospitable doors were open to indigence; his delicacy was never hurt by the fimplicity of rustic manners; and though the indolence of his temper fometimes prevented him from taking an active part in restraining oppression, or introducing merit to its deferved reward, his liberal purse was always ready to remedy the defect. " My good neighbour " Jones," faid he one day, "I certainly " might write to the lord lieutenant, and get that rogue of an adjutant " broke, who would not admit that " your fon David was of a proper fize ce for

" for the militia, though he fwore-in " other substitutes two inches shorter: " but perhaps the man has nothing to " live upon but his commission, and, " being very poor, is forced to do dirty " actions. Here; remember me to " David; tell him, that I like a lad of " fpirit; and there are the ten guineas he " was disappointed of." A little time afterward, in confequence of fome nefarious proceedings being discovered, the adjutant waited upon fir William to entreat his intercession with lord W. in his behalf. He pleaded long fervice and the hurry of bufiness in his defence, and hinted at the wants of a large family. " Sir," faid fir William, "I dare fay that " what you tell me is very true; but as it " is not my own affair, I don't like to " write to my kinfman or trouble him " about it. But as you feem to have " puzzled yourself a little in these army " matters, C 3

" matters, I think you had better try fome " other plan of life. I can put you into " a farm, and make you gamekeeper of one of my manors; and I hope " you won't think it an employ beneath " you, for I shall always be glad to see vou at Powerscourt." The offer was accepted; and fir William afterwards owned, that, beside two years' rent, he loft a confiderable fum with which he had entrusted him, to enable him to fet up : but his benevolent heart never fuffered him to wish the deed undone: " for," faid he, "though I believe the " man was no better than a cheat, his " wife appeared to be a very notable " woman, and brought up her family " very well."

Sir William did not marry till he was much on the wrong fide of forty; and even then that event proceeded from the fame principles which governed all his actions.

tions. The wife of a neighbouring gentleman delicately hinted, that one of her daughters was so deeply in love with him, that death must be the inevitable confequence of his obduracy. The good baronet was thunderstruck; he had no predilection for marriage, and certainly no preference for the young lady thus obtruded upon his choice. His conscience entirely vindicated him from any wicked defign of stealing the fair one's affections; neither his glass nor his flatterers had ever attributed to him the most distant refemblance to an Adonis, and he wondered much that any body should fall in love with his brown bob and Kevenhuller hat; but fince it was fo, (and the lady's mother protested she did not exaggerate,) he never should enjoy any peace of mind, if he could think himself the cause of making a fellow-creature miserable (for fir William could not

give entire credit to the dying part of the story). Rathert han have such a weight upon his conscience, he would marry.

Lady Powerscourt, however, very soon after her marriage, discovered that she had made a great mistake, and was incautious enough to disclose the secret to her husband. It was not from the brown bob nor Kevenhuller hat that the god of love took aim when he pierced her tender bosom, nor was the mortal shaft barbed by the virtues which adorned the respectable character to which they were appendages. Like Hudibras's Cupid, he certainly

"-Fix'd his fland

" Upon a wealthy jointure land."

Powerscourt-house possessed irresistible attractions, and she had heard her papa and mamma frequently assert, that if sir William would but marry a woman of taste, it might be made one of the sweetest

fweetest places in all North Wales. She knew that sir Ralph Morgan's lady spent all the winter at Bath, the spring in London, the summer at her country-seat, and in the autumn took a tour; that she drove four in hand, gave balls, kept a groom of the chambers, and a French waiting-maid, had twelve new dresses a-year, and set the fashions for all the country; yet sir Ralph's estate was not half so large as sir William's. What heart could resist such invincible attractions? She immediately fell very deeply in love.

I have in a former publication ventured to give my opinion, that the two faces of Hymen are not exact counterparts to each other. The smiling countenance which fronts the long vista leading to his temple, has few traits of similitude to the austere physiognomy which is descried by those who, after

they have offered facrifice, retire behind his altar. The discussion of preliminaries might have convinced the lady that the nuptial cup contained fome drops of an acid quality. To the charms of Powerscourt she had annexed one grand ingredient, which unhappily did not exist, at least not in its supposed magnitude, I mean, the eafiness of fir William's disposition. Though " gentle as zephyr blowing underneath a violet" upon most occasions, he had upon others a little of the old bachelor's tenacity about him. He would keep lady Powerfcourt a coach and fix with all his heart, but he did not like ladies driving four in hand. She might have half a dozen English waiting women if she pleased, and as many Welch ones, but he did not approve of French filles de chambre. He had no objection to her giving balls to the neighbouring young

young ladies, and shemight makethem as happy as she could; but he thought that married ladies ought not to be jigging about themselves: and as to dress, she might be clothed every day in silver brocade; but his wife should never wear feathers and slowers in her head-dress, like a stage-player.

The grand point of dispute, however, was the occupation of the four seasons. He was willing to take her to town for three months, because the country must be rather dull to women in winter, as they could neither shoot nor hunt; and if she were not well, he would accompany her to Bath or any where that would do her service; but to live at Powerscourt only three months—what would all his neighbours say, and how would his tenants go on without him! My lady strove to convince him that their opinions were not worth regarding; but sir William was

firm. He had long confidered them as rational creatures, and he could not haftily renounce that opinion; beside, he was fond of farming, and deeply engaged in schemes of agricultural improvement; and if he stayed so little at home, he must either be the dupe of imposition, or renounce those pursuits. Here his obliging confort hinted, that, fince he was fo engaged in rural pursuits. bufiness allowed him a fair excuse for abfence, and she would be willing occafionally to dispense with his attendance. Sir William was not remarkably quick of apprehension; and, certainly, most bridegrooms in his fituation would have been inclined to refer the lady's propofal rather to the exuberant defire of gratifying his peculiar inclination, than to any latent wish of being deprived of his fociety. He faw it quite in that poin of view; and though he made no answer

at the time, yet a retrospective consideration of the ineffable condescension which prompted her to give upwhat she had repeatedly declared to be the greatest bleffing of her existence, his dear conversation rather than tear him from scenes to which he was attached, convinced him that he ought to make fome facrifice to reward fuch felf-denying complacency. One journey to Bath was therefore promifed, an annual vifit to London had been before tacitly agreed to, and I am not certain whether the overflowings of gratitude might not have compelled the good baronet to fubmit to be whirled about eighty miles a-day along rough roads by way of taking an autumnal tour, had not his lady, instead of rewarding his compliance by a gentle fmile, affumed fomething of a mortified aspect when he announced his defign of accompanying her. He was willing to attribute this fudden

fudden change to her defire of having the magnificent plans that she had just formed for the improvement of Powerfcourt carried into execution under her own inspection; and this hope reconciled him to schemes which had at first met with fome opposition. He had objected to her defign of cutting down the long avenue of oaks which led to the house, and converting the ground into a fweeping lawn, dotted with lilacs and laburnums, interspersed with Chinese temples and leaden flatues. He was equally averse to the removal of his ftraight yew hedges; for, though all the world was against him, he conceived them more natural than the sharp angles of that modern embellishment, a serpentine walk. He thought too that the stag's horns and cross-bows were as proper internal ornaments as papier-machee decorations; and many a bitter figh did it coft

cost him, when his lady's mamma and sisters joined in protesting, that, unless the dark Gothic windows and hideous tapestry hangings were removed from the drawing-room, and light sashes and India paper substituted in their stead, they should fall into hysterics every time they went into the room; but his transport at the idea that these proposed alterations had tended to attach his wife to a spot which would be honoured with such indubitable proofs of her taste and genius, determined him to be a passive spectator of every proposed alteration.

It was in the month of September that fir William was made the happiest of men. Two months were allotted to ceremonious visitings, during which the nuptial retinue moved over every mountain, dale, forest, and glen, which the temerity of the coachman pronounced passable. Sir William had the gallantry

always

always to accompany his lady; he heard all her wedding paraphernalia univerfally admired, and his own brown and gold pronounced immensely becoming, while his point ruffles were cried up as the very fummit of elegance. Unaccustomed, however, to the duties of the toilet, he grew weary of white gloves and powdered perukes; and, recollecting with pleafure that all his visits were paid, he refumed his drab frock and brown bob with fingular complacency. He was meditating a quiet ride round his farm, when my lady, entering, interrupted his agreeable reverie by informing him, that she had received a letter from lady Morgan, who was then at Bath, and infifted upon it that they must come there immediately. The most divine actor was just come out, who infinitely transcended Garrick when in the meridian of his powers; beside, all the world was there, and her numerous

numerous acquaintance were anxious to be introduced to a lady of whose beauty and accomplishments they heard so much. To her ladyship's intimation that they must fet off immediately, fir William replied, that it certainly was impossible; there were more than 50 workmen employed in embellishing the house and gardens: but the provident forecast of lady Powerfcourt had provided an unanswerable refutation of this objection. She had engaged a most capital improver to come down, and find out all the capabilities which the house and local fcenery possessed. Sir William might rely implicitly upon the tafte and judgment of this gentleman, who had given fatisfaction to most of the nobility and gentry in the kingdom, by exercifing what might almost be called the magic power of turning every place into fomething exactly opposite to what it was before.

before. The family archives intimate that fir William was more alarmed than delighted at this information; and it is supposed that the journey to Bath would have been deferred till after Mr. Outline had finished Powerscourt, if my lady had not been taken ill with a violent stomach disorder the next morning, for which the physicians could find no remedy but an immediate use of those salubrious waters which King Bladud fortunately discovered, to the unspeakable advantage of all tender husbands and indulgent fathers.

## CHAP. IV.

There Affectation with a fickly mien
Shows in her face the roles of eighteen;
Practis'd to lifp, and hang the head afide,
Faints into airs, and languishes with pride;
On the rich quilt finks with becoming woe,
Wrapp'd in a gown, for fickness and for shew.

RAPE OF THE LOCK.

THE speedy abatement of lady Powerscourt's complaint announced the wisdom
of the prescription; but she was a long
time extremely languid, out of spirits,
and too nervous to bear the fatigue of
returning home to the "flaky snow"
and "warping wind," that were concomitant to the mountains surrounding
Powerscourt. In proof that her case
required a warmer situation, the very
proposal of leaving Bath brought on a
relapse, and the extreme delicacy of her
health would not even suffer her to spare

fir William just to take a little peep to fee how Mr. Outline went on with his extensive projects. Profound politicians are generally believed to have a real as well as an oftenfible reason for their actions; and though her ladyship pleaded, that if he did go she might probably expire without having his dear hand to close ber eyes, it is suspected, that, like a good wife, she wished to keep his from witnessing scenes which might irritate a more professed stoic. Convinced that Mr. Outline's taste would appear to confummate advantage if no impediments obstructed his defigns, she dragged fir William every night to the rooms or the theatre, places she was absolutely obliged to attend, in order to prevent the low fever which attacked her every evening that she was persuaded to pass at home.

In a little time the pensive languor of lady Powerscourt's countenance, unfortunately tunately mistaken for the gloom of difcontent, and the fingular manners of her constant attendant, excited general obfervation; and the report that she was a pretty young creature facrificed by her mercenary parents to a rich, foolish, jealous, old inamorato, gave an eclat to her character, which neither constant indisposition, nor the most scrupulous attention to the variations of drefs would otherwise have excited. Ladies of the first consequence invited her to their whist parties; her box at the play attracted the most elegant beaux. The former found that she lost money with the best grace imaginable, and the latter discovered that she had an infinitude of wit. That merciless complaint ennui, which all fir William's long histories and still longer arguments had rather increased than diminished, fled at the first touch of the fascinating wand of public

public admiration. Some fay, that the tyrant only yielded one victim to fecure another; 'tis certain, that while lady Poerscourt dressed, talked, laughed, and was considered as in the highest ton, fir William concluded a long letter to his steward with a complaint, "That he felt exactly like a fish out of water."

Intoxicated by pleasure and adulation, her ladyship anxiously wished to extend her triumphs beyond the narrow bound of a Bath season. The itinerant world, at whose idol shrine she had resolved to sacrifice, had now transferred its scene of empire to London, and she was impatient to shine a peerless star in a new hemisphere; but some difficulties stood in the way. She had seen enough of life to be convinced that fir William's stiff drapery, formal manners, and obsolete opinions, formed as direct a contrast to the easy accommodating laws of modern etiquette,

etiquette, as the flurdy oak of the forest does to the bending ease of the pliant willow. She had heard observations infinitely to his difadvantage; and though the could collect no more than that he was a bore and a quiz, fhe was very fure that these cabalistic terms of fashion must import every thing that was horrid and detestable. Since her evil stars had, previous to her entreein the great world, bound her for life to fuch a partner, she must make the best of her hardfate, and endeavour to balance the mifery of his fociety during one part of the year against the advantage of spending his money during the remainder. Lady Morgan had affured her, that of all places in the world a hufband was least wanted at London. The late hours and perpetual routine of engagements left no leisure for domestic conversation; and, she added, fir Ralph was so entirely of her mind, that he always devoted the

time she spent there to the amusements of hunting and shooting grouse.

Having received information that the improvement of Powerscourt had advanced fo far as to defy the possibility of their being completed, or indeed comprehended, by any person but the projector, she became very anxious that fir William should look a little after his estate, and at least be there in time to attend the approaching audit. But the worthy baronet was by this time become very uneafy about the stability of possesfions more fragile than the wide domains of which his ancestors had left him unrivalled lord. His good fense taught him the wide diffimilarity between his own manners and those of the gay fantastic train who constantly hovered round his lady whenever she appeared in public. He was certain that the menkeys (for he honoured them with that appellation) would

would be pert enough to laugh at his way when his back was turned; and he had feen fo many strange things in this world, that if he returned to Wales instead of accompanying his lady to town, they might fill her head with stranger notions than fomehow or other the poor thing had already acquired. Her prefent fituation rendered contradiction very difficult; but if he should like her behaviour in town no better than he had done at Bath, he refolved, when once his fon and heir was fafe in the world, to tell her very plainly, that she was welcome to make herfelf as happy as she could at Powerfcourt, but that he never would agree to any more journies of pleafure. Solacing himfelf with this scheme of future resistance, he yielded to the prefent torrent; and, affuring her that he had no wish to return to Wales VOL. I. without

time she spent there to the amusements of hunting and shooting grouse.

Having received information that the improvement of Powerscourt had advanced fo far as to defy the possibility of their being completed, or indeed comprehended, by any person but the projector, she became very anxious that sir William should look a little after his estate, and at least be there in time to attend the approaching audit. But the worthy baronet was by this time become very uneafy about the stability of possesfions more fragile than the wide domains of which his ancestors had left him unrivalled lord. His good fense taught him the wide diffimilarity between his own manners and those of the gay fantastic train who constantly hovered round his lady whenever she appeared in public. He was certain that the monkeys (for he honoured them with that appellation) would would be pert enough to laugh at his way when his back was turned; and he had feen fo many strange things in this world, that if he returned to Wales instead of accompanying his lady to town, they might fill her head with stranger notions than fomehow or other the poor thing had already acquired. Her prefent fituation rendered contradiction very difficult; but if he should like her behaviour in town no better than he had done at Bath, he refolved, when once his fon and heir was fafe in the world, to tell her very plainly, that she was welcome to make herfelf as happy as she could at Powerscourt, but that he never would agree to any more journies of pleafure. Solacing himfelf with this scheme of future resistance, he vielded to the present torrent; and, affuring her that he had no wish to return to Wales VOL. I. without

without her, they fet off for Berkeley-fquare.

I would not recommend the countenances of the Powerfcourts on their arrival in London, as models to a painter who wished to embody the fair idea of connubial happiness. Though the lady's might derive a few lively traits from the hope that she was entering upon a scene of conquest, yet the apprehension that fir William was projecting fecret hostilities placed her exactly in the fituation of a general whose movements are carefully watched by a strong army of obfervation which it would be imprudent openly to attack. Sir William's diflike of the journey increased every step he took, and he entered London with a firm expectation that the place and the people would prove equally difagreeable. In lieu of the taste and elegance with which lady Powerscourt was every where fascinated,

fascinated, he saw nothing but impertinence and frippery. The late hours . were infufferable to a man who rose at fix, dined at three, and difmiffed his household with family prayers at ten. He was shocked at the refinement which banished serious discussion from polished circles; and he never could fully comprehend the duties of laborious idleness, the arcana of modern visiting, the vanity of universal acquaintance, or those restraints upon the emotions of genuine nature which fashion prescribes and infipidity adopts. Every thing fir William heard and faw had to him an air of the marvellous. He could scarcely believe that the admirer of vertu, who piqued himfelf upon his knowledge of Greek and Roman ruins, might be ignorant of the architectural magnificence of the capital of the British empire. He thought the pure honour of a peer or a fenator must

be fullied by condescending to admit a professed sharper to be the companion of his convivial hours. He never could reconcile Sunday routs with his notion of a steady well-regulated samily; and he absolutely interdicted lady Powerscourt from associating with what was then termed the first circle, when he came to know that some of its sair members occasionally dispensed with the sanctions of semale decorum.

This way of thinking was certainly very fingular; but Sir William's prejudices in these and a variety of other instances were not to be vanquished by the light artillery of raillery, which was frequently played off against him in public, or by the more formidable battery of sighs, tears, and faintings, by which his gentle lady strove to induce him to speak and look like other people. Even the tender argument, that a man who

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who really loved his wife must adopt all her fentiments, and conform to all her wishes, was ineffectually opposed to the rigid pertinacity with which fir William defended the principles that he had ever confidered to be the out-works of religion and morality. The circumflances which had induced him to put his "free condition into circumspection" did not appear to him to favour the claims of female supremacy; and he entertained the very heterodox notion, that when a lady falls violently in love, the favoured gentleman has a right to expect that the will make an obliging attentive wife, rather more studious of his humour, than devoted to the indulgence of her own. This is not the only notion in which the lords of the creation are misled by that vanity of which nature has given them a preponderant thare. The delicacy of the female mind

may very possibly be attached to the fplendid titles, large poffessions, or handfome equipages of a gentleman, when the gentleman himself, considered apart from all these appendages, would never strike any body fuperior to his dairy-maid. Would it not be unjust to charge a countels with inconfistency, because she neglected her noble earl, when all the time her heart had been only attracted by the lustre of his coronet? The noble earl's chagrin entirely proceeds from the delufions of felf-flattery, which whifpered that his individual felf was the allpotent load-stone, when in reality the magnetic influence darted from his elegant villa and liberal fettlement; or perhaps an enamelled watch and diamond hoop-ring, might form the infatuating talisman. I hope this explanatory rule will be applied to all matches which proceed from the strong attachment of a " discreet THE

"discreet young creature" to a "very good fort of a man a few years older than herself." It might preserve many a respectable bachelor from the vexation of disappointment, and prevent the cenforious from fixing the charge of inconfistency upon many a lady's character, who rather deserves admiration for unshaken constancy. But to return from my digression—

Fashion, who in one of her whimsical moments elevated lady Powerscourt into a sirst-rate toast at Bath, capriciously denied her in London the eclat to which she now conceived herself entitled. The gloss of novelty was past, and the attraction of the ridiculous was lessened by the appearance of fresh eccentricities in newer characters. She dressed with greater taste, and her repartees possessed fuperior wit and brilliancy; but the

gazer and the listener no longer announced her triumph.

My matronly friends affure me, that one prime ingredient of marriage felicity is, that you always have a helpmate at hand, to whom you transfer the burden of faults and misfortunes. Lady Powerfcourt could find no other reason for her going out of fashion, than that sir William, not content with his own fingularities, had absolutely prohibited her from dashing in a grand style. No entreaties would prevail upon him to let lord Jehu drive her in his phaeton up the park in a morning, though his ponies were the sweetest little spirited creatures in the world, and the ride would be of infinite service to her health and spirits. Her head was nine inches lower than any body's at the opera, and though most ladies wore fruit and vegetables by way of aigrette, and lady Morgan **fported** 

sported a beautiful bunch of amethyst grapes with a little gold chaffinch pecking at them, she herself must wear nothing but plain riband and blond. She might not even play for gold; nay, fir William was fo puritanic, and fuch an enemy to a little harmless mirth, that the was forced to be as cautious in avoiding a double entendre or a witticism upon priestcraft, as if she were wife to the Archbishop of Canterbury. What woman of spirit could brook such restrictions? If she must be moped up, better return and rufficate at Powerfcourt, than fit like Tantalus within reach of the defired emoyment which the was not permitted to thare. She hinted to her husband something like a wish to do so in a moment of moody discontent, occasioned by his peremptory declaration that the thould not go to a masquerade, though the ticket was procured, D 5

cured, the dress bespoke, and the party formed for the happy occasion. He for once cordially acquiesced in her wishes, by declaring, that it was the very plan he meant to propose. "I am sure, my " dear," faid he, "your health has " been greatly injured by living in this " finoky unwholesome place; and the " late hours and constant racketing have " worn your poor nerves all to pieces. "You have quite loft your colour, and " are not half so cheerful as you used " to be when galloping over the Welfh " mountains; but a little good country " air will foon fet all to rights again; " and fo take leave of your friends; for, " fince you wish it, I am determined to " fet off for Powerscourt on Monday " morning."

The general tenor of fir William Powerscourt's character was yielding philanthropy, but he could at times assume a quiet

a quiet firmness which disconcerted opposition. Her ladyship must either difpute or faint, and she chose the latter as the most gentlewomanlike style of Sir William was very contradiction. forry, and very assiduous to restore her; but the reviving fair faw no figns of compunction in his countenance, nor did he, by inquiring after the cause of her disorder, give her an opportunity of pointing out the only means of preventing a relapfe. Indeed, he was become rather callous to die-away arguments; and though his native candour spurned fuspicion, their frequent recurrence led him to doubt the existence of the stomach fpasms whence this disagreeable excursion had originated. I mean by these observations to caution my readers to be very sparing in the use of these chef-d'œuvres of female generalship, because the too great frequency of

an ambuscade only puts the enemy more constantly upon his guard. Violent hysterics, sloods of tears, and every sign of gentle despondency, confirmed fir William in the conviction that his lady's life depended upon her removing immediately from a place where she was so dreadfully indisposed; and she found herself on Monday morning on the road to Caernarvonshire, maugre the opinion of all the fine ladies of her acquaintance, united to her own, that she was much too weak to bear the journey, and would certainly expire before she got twenty miles out of London.

## CHAP. V.

With here a fountain, never to be play'd; And there a fummer house, that knows no shade; Here Amphitrite sails through myrtle bow'rs; There gladiators fight, or die, in flow'rs.

POPE.

The traveller who pursues a road with which he is unacquainted always finds unexpected pleasures mingled with unforeseen misfortunes. A bright sunbeam often dissipates the gloom of a dreary country; the inconvenience of a rugged road is frequently counterbalanced by the magnificence of the surrounding scenery; an occasional companion relieves satigue; and even the mortification of a bad inn and indifferent accommodations generally tends to heighten the relish of suture convivial enjoyments.

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The pilgrim who fpeeds along the road of life generally encounters a fimilar mixture of pain and pleasure, not merely in the aggregate, but intimately blended in every event. The rose grows fo close to the thorn, that you cannot gather it without encountering a painful fensation; while on the other hand our attention is diverted from the minute wound by the exquisite fragrance of the The pains and pleasures of man, like the world he inhabits, partake of the viciffitude of his own character. I beg pardon for these seemingly irrelevant reflections; but the garrulity of old age can feldom refift an opportunity of moralifing.

Nothing could be more melancholy than the fituation in which I left lady Powerfcourt in my last Chapter, except that of some fair damsel in romance, whom a terrible Saracen is carrying away to his enchanted

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enchanted castle. The twentieth milestone was passed, yet Atropos, though oft invoked, forbore to extend her mortal fhears, when an unexpected fource of confolation fuddenly presented itself -not in the shape of a knight armed cap. a-pié with spear and buckler, nor in the more modern accoutrement of a fine gentleman with a brace of piftols; and, to fay the truth, though a rencontre with lord Jehu just at this crisis might be a very popular incident, I am glad that fir William, for whose character I cannot help feeling a degree of regard, was not drawn into any military adventures. I enjoy the idea of his respectable figure. perfectly fatisfied with his victory, riding composedly by the fide of his chariot, and wondering if he might venture to get into it at the next stage. Lady Powerscourt's consolations were derived from the philosophic temperament of her

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own mind. She recollected that she should have it in her power to display fuch a wardrobe as had never before blazed on the aftonished inhabitants of Caernaryonshire. That Powerscourt was now converted into a perfect paradife, and fhe should reign the unrivalled Armida of the enchanting region, every part of which would announce her directing tafte. Prudence stepped in also to the aid of Patience, and whispered that though she had been defeated in a conflict for superiority, yet, if she carefully kept her own fecret, sir William would never betray her, and she had only to fay that she was tired of London, which was in reality nearer the truth than she imagined. Perhaps a degree of remaining pique might fuggest the resolution that, as she now perfectly understood her husband's temper, it was only studying the art of tormenting instead

of

of the art of cajoling on any future occasion; and then, though she might not be able to triumph, she would at least make good her retreat.

These placable ideas so happily prevailed, that when they stopt at St. Alban's for refreshment, her ladyship on alighting offered her hand to the baronet with the best grace in the world, and anticipated his inquiries how she had borne her journey, by declaring that he was quite right in supposing the country air would do her good, for that she already found herself much better. Sir William was equally delighted with the change, and puzzled to guess at the means by which it had been effected. Somebody or fomething was very much to blame; but for his life he could hardly tell where the fault lay, whether in the contagious atmosphere of London, in his lady's caprice, or his own fuspicions.

fuspicions. However, he now found himself invested with plenitude of power; and, like a prudent monarch, he began to consider in what way he should exert it; but his generous heart had been so softened by his lady's concessions, that he positively resolved upon no further exercise of his prerogative, than that lady Powerscourt should pay her formal visits by herself in future, and that he would never more wear his white and silver.

Peace and unanimity prevailed during the remainder of the journey. It was night when they entered the old manfion, and the examination of its beauties was deferred till the next morning; but the tranquillity of the good baronet was then put to a fevere trial. The faloon was certainly fitted up in the most elegant manner; but the housekeeper removed every idea of comfort by her information that the chimney smoked so violently,

violently, that it was absolutely impossible to have a fire; and, confequently, that it must be useless nine months in the year. The aspect of the dining apartment was equally dreary; the profpect indeed was enchanting, but the fashes started about an inch from the frames; and the warped doors were unfavourable either to a graceful exit or entrance, as it was only by means of kicking and pushing that any one could either advance or retreat; and as the chimney, the windows, and the doors, were all constructed uniformly, any alteration was dangerous, perhaps impracticable. The ready invention of lady Powerscourt discovered, that, as these could only be proper for fummer apartments, fome little fnug parlour could be fitted up for general residence; and they proceeded to the library. This was lofty and extensive; but Mr. Outline's tafte

tafte for decoration seemed to have annihilated its primary intention; for the multitude of bufts, models, and statues, left no space for books. Sir William continued his moralifing tour through the rest of the state apartments, which might be truly faid "to keep the promise to the eye, and break it to the fense," and concluded his journey in the great hall, where, as he fought in vain for the long oaken tables and forms which used to administer to the regalement of his tenants at Christmas and other feafons of periodical feflivity, her ladyship reminded him, how charmingly it was now appropriated to the purpose of a ball-room or a theatre. She directed his attention to a light gallery at the upper end defigned for an orchestra, and beautifully decorated; but this elegant embellishment was not in a state to bear inspection, it having broken down with 53 63

with old Morgan the blind harper, who had exhibited in it the preceding evening just by way of hansel, he said, while the housemaids and gardeners were footing it a little below for recreation because his Honor was coming home again.

Sir William left my lady to construct ways and means for supporting the tottering edifice, and, with a deep figh and a fecret murmur against new-fangled trumpery, proceeded to examine the out-door scenes. The taste of Mr. Outline for objects had induced him to remove feveral useful edifices to inconvenient fituations, while he occupied their places with erections of no form nor likelihood, which continually drew from the impatient baronet the exclamations of "What is this for?" and " What does this mean?" The flews were all drained, and their places occupied by the ruins of a naval amphithea-

tre, while the stream that supplied them was taught to hop from pebble to pebble in diminutive imitation of old Conway's foaming flood, which roared, in proud magnificence, at a little distance. The windmill had given way to a temple dedicated to Æolus; and the pigeon-house was fucceeded by an aviary of foreign birds, none of which, in fir William's opinion, were so beautiful as the goldfinch, or fung like the nightingale. As walls were unpicturefque, they, and the fruit-trees which they supported, were every where metamorphosed into haha's! A fine grove of oaks, which screened the house from the north winds, was cut down to admit the prospect of a bleak mountain; and the place of the hardy foresters was occupied by the tender magnolio and frail accacia, at least by their remains, for the beautiful exotics had been already killed by the frosts, or broken

broken by vernal storms. In short, to adopt the owner's description of the house and gardens, "The former was "very tasty and very inconvenient; and in the latter there was nothing that you wanted, but there were ruins and heathen gods in abundance."

Sir William's difgust did not prevent lady Powerscourt from exhibiting herself to infinite advantage in the office of Ciceroni, and she continued to point out the beauties of the new improvements, till her neighbours had exhausted every topic of adulation, and her own tongue grew weary of the pleafing tale. It is fuggested, that the inconveniencies I have enumerated afterwards ftruck her more forcibly than any one elfe; and that her reason for hating Powerscourt was, that no human creature could be well or comfortable in fuch a cold dreary wilderness fort of a place. Nor did

did her splendid attire afford a more permanent satisfaction: in some articles of dress she was anticipated, in others outshone; and none excited astonishment after their first exhibition. Alas! is happiness be not seated in the mind, even the gratification of our wishes will not ensure its possession.

A few months after her ladyship's return to Powerscourt, my Heroine sirst saw the light; and though sir William had rather it had been a boy, he received the little stranger with all the enthusiastic joy of the fondest parental tenderness. He thought the winning ways of the dear little cherub must communicate that happiness to the maternal bosom, which somehow or other (a favourite expression of sir William's) it had hitherto sailed to experience. But while the exuberance of his own joy was displaying itself in the usual stile of overslowing benevolence

nevolence and hospitality, his lady was ruminating on the possibility of being at Chester races; and, contrary to the opinion of her matronly friends, she resolved on the hazardous expedient of a too early appearance in public. A severe cold was the immediate consequence; and the neglect of the first maternal duty, joined to inattention to her own safety, was soon observed to have occasioned a total change in her constitution. Years of ill health, consinement, and severe suffering, proved the melancholy forerunner of premature death.

From the account I have already given of lady Powerscourt, the reader will not suppose that patience tempered the bitter cup of woe with its lenient sweets. Her mind was destitute of natural strength, her temper possessed no native gentleness, her education taught her rather

to conceal than to subdue the irritability of her disposition; and, being solely confined to the acquirement of a few external accomplishments, no mental treasures were laid up in store against the bitter day of adverfity. The lofs of health and beauty at five-and-twenty may certainly be confidered as a fevere deprivation; and when to those evils lameness and occasionally severe suffering were added, it could only be a composed and elevated mind that could patiently support the severe conflict. Lady Powerscourt's ideas of pleasure had been adjusted to the limited model which fashion and fortune present to their narrow-minded votaries: what confolations could they provide to mitigate the horrors of a fick chamber, when the foul can only divert the prefent gloom by confolatory retrospects of its past conduct,

duct, or exhilarating anticipations of its future reward?

The passive spirit of interested dependance could scarcely support the wearisome petulance of the unhappy sufferer; and though fir William's philanthropy and habitual eafiness made him exert more forbearance than generally belongs to the character of a husband, his gentleness fometimes proved unequal to the arduous conflict, and he felt a depressing inquietude which even the finiles of his little girl could not constantly divert. Though calamity renders the felfish mind still more callous to the forrows of others, it stimulates benevolence to increased exertions. Lady Powerscourt was just relieved from one of her feverest attacks, when her fervant brought her a letter, which, after a flight perufal, the toffed contemptuoufly upon the table.

"You feem disturbed my dear," said fir William, who happened to be prefent.

" Nowonder," returned her ladyship;

" furely I have troubles enough of my own without being peftered with

other people's; but it is like the usual

" inconfistency of that thoughtless crea-

" ture's character."

"Whom do you mean?" faid the benevolent baronet, whose attention was roused at the idea of somebody being in distress.

"I mean a very imprudent, but a

e very distant relation of mine, who

" flung herfelf away in marriage with

" lord Milford's tutor, a little before I

" became lady Powerfcourt; and she is

" now, as she might have foreseen,

" ftarving."

" Poor foul!" faid fir William, reaching the letter; when finding by the perufal rufal that it contained an appeal not only to the humanity but also to the honour of his lady, he fixed his eyes upon her with some degree of resentment, and exclaimed, "How came you to forget "the poor woman? Why, you pro- mised to do something for her hus- band?"

"She interprets general expressions too largely," resumed her ladyship; "I have done her a great many favours, and should have done her

" many more; but I found out that she " was base, ungrateful, and not worthy

" of my notice."

"I am forry for it with all my heart," replied fir William; "she really "writes like a sensible woman and a good Christian."

" Most people with whom I happen to disagree, are so in your opinion."

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"My dear, I am forry to hear you disturbed; your side is in pain again "I am afraid."

"It was a great deal better; but this woman's impertinence brings on all my old complaints."

" No, no, it won't; only keep your" felf quiet; but pray, as I am quite a
" stranger to the story, will you tell

" me what this Mrs. Evans did, to

" make you so very angry with her?"

" I told you, fir William, she fell

" in love with a nobleman's tutor, and

" married him contrary to the advice

" of all her friends. My father was " fo incenfed, that he declared if she

" starved, he would never take the least

" notice of her any more. But I was

" very kind to her, and I fent her fome

" of my cast-off clothes when I mar-

" ried, which, I suppose, encouraged

" her to the unheard-of impudence

which

" which she has been guilty of. Be-

" cause she had been a fort of humble

" friend when we were quite girls, she

" had the effrontery to beg me to intro-

" duce her husband to you; a fellow,

" whose grandfather was nothing but a

" travelling pedlar. Did you ever know

" fuch audacity?"

Doubtless fir William would have felt very angry, if one of his own relations had contaminated the blood of Powerscourt by mixing it with the "puddle of a pedlar," and his resentment might have continued, till he discovered that he had it in his power to do the disgraced couple an act of service; but he thought it very ridiculous that a family of yesterday should in this instance pretend to the same delicacy with one that could be traced through untold centuries. Her ladyship, perceiving that the glow of resentment did not kindle

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in his countenance fo fast as she expected, added by way of climax, "And "she fent the letter the very day when "she knew I intended to receive com-"pany;—only think of endeavouring

" to occupy my attention at such a time."

"I think," faid fir William emphatically, "that poor Mrs. Evans has been "very unfortunate in applying when

" you were either too much engaged

" by pleasure or pain to attend her. But
" a promise is a promise, let people

" claim it when they will."

Lady Powerscourt's conscience here gave her a severe pang, and she confusedly answered, that she was sure she never meant to make any engagement; she durst swear that she never said so; at least, if she had, she had quite forgotten it.

"Very likely, very likely," replied the good man; "you never meant what

" you

" you faid, and so forgot all about it.

"But you see she has remembered it, and

" perhaps the world may think that it is

" owing to me that you have not kept

" your word, at least according to Mrs.

" Evans's account of the matter; how-

" ever, I will try to clear up the mif-

" take; and as she is your friend and

" relation, they shall not be left de-

" flitute."

Sir William here rose, and hurried out of the room, while lady Powerscourt loudly disclaimed the word relation, protesting Mrs. Evans could not be nearer than a second cousin, which she counted nothing at all.

at to which why invited the

## CHAP. VI.

One felf-approving hour whole years outweighs Of flupid flarers, and of loud huzza's.

POPE.

THE benevolence of fir William Powerfcourt was not confined within the narrow limits of relations and friends. It was not annihilated by the supposition of ingratitude, nor did its delicate fenfibility shrink from the contact of human infirmity. It feemed a ray of that beneficence which causes the fun to rife upon the evil and the good, and the rain to fall upon the just and the unjust.

Nor was his idea of charity limited to the virtue of beneficence. Combining with his natural placability of temper, it produced the most cordial desire of being at peace with all mankind, and made

made ready forgiveness almost outstep offence. He mounted his horse, and rode to Llangollen. On the road he meditated not on the faults of lady. Powerscourt, for perhaps his imagination was afraid of venturing into fuch an ample field, but on the speediest means of alleviating the evils which her neglect had caused. Having heard an excellent character of the Evans's from fome neighbouring gentlemen, he hastened to the cottage which sheltered modest worth. He found the wife engaged in the humble offices of domestic business. while the husband was rocking a little baby to fleep, and penning his Sunday discourse. However inelegant these occupations might be, fir William Powerfcourt fancied that they both looked like very fensible people, and very good Christians.

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The business of introduction was foon adjusted. Poverty had enfeebled but not extinguished the light of lettered fcience and polished manners which formerly irradiated the Evans's, and benevolence had entirely banished all ceremonious referve from their respectable guest. He informed Mrs. Evans that he had a little girl as pretty as that which lay afleep in the cradle, but that her poor cousin lady Powerscourt had fcarcely enjoyed a day's health fince it was born. At the mention of lady Powerscourt a deep blush suffused Mrs. Evans's face, which, though it in reality proceeded from her anxiety to know the effect of a letter which she had secretly dispatched without her husband's confent, and contrary to his known opinion, fir William mistook for the glow of refentment, and very much disliking to fee any body angry, he attempted a con\_ ciliatory

ciliatory explanation of his wife's conduct. His defence, indeed, amounted to little more than that, when people were much engaged either by pleafure or pain, they were very apt only to think of themselves: yet so powerful was his rhetoric, that the burning blushes on Mrs. Evans's cheek were foon quenched by a flood of tears; and though fir William was not absolutely unacquainted with tears of anger and disdain, he was convinced that these were of a milder quality. Mrs. Evans's grief was accompanied by the livelieft expressions of regret for lady Powerscourt's fufferings, and the most anxious wishes for her recovery. Sir William's eyes shone with kindred fenfibility, he drew his chair closer to the fire, pressed her hand with the freedom of long intimacy, and cheerfully partook of the homely fare with which the hofpitality

pitality of Mr. Evans had covered the little deal table.

He then took occasion to ask the particulars of their fituation, and foon found that it was penurious in the extreme. Every resource had been tried, every friend applied to; but refources are not inexhaustible, and even friends do not always answer the calls of indigence with prompt relief. The favour which had been folicited of lady Powerscourt was only her recommendation to a neighbouring clergyman, who allowed his curates the splendid stipend of fifty pounds per annum. This circumstance, unintentionally discovered, drew from fir William a deep figh, and the exclamation of, "Well, I could not think " that possible!"

The little girl now awoke, and the good baronet, who was become a great con-

connoisseur in nursery transactions, seemed much attracted by its infantine charms. Finding that the difficulty of procuring sponsors had hitherto caused the christening ceremony to be delayed, he offered himself to undertake the office, adding a few words expressive of his sense of its solemn importance; and, having presented the mother with what he called his usual offering on such occasions, a bank-note of sisty pounds, he took leave of the enraptured pair with many kind assurances that they should soon hear of him again.

Providence feemed to affift fir William's generous resolution of making ample provision for oppressed merit. His domestic chaplain, on receiving the presentation to a valuable prebend, with noble moderation, vacated the living of Powerscourt, worth near four hundred pounds per annum. The character and abilities

abilities of Mr. Evans feemed to point him out as an eligible successor; but it appeared to be an insuperable difficulty to gain lady Powerscourt's approbation of fuch a plan. Luckily, however, the lady was not quite inexorable. The humane concern which Mrs. Evans expreffed for her illness had been placed in the strongest point of view, and if it had not wrought upon her gratitude, it at least, by recalling to her memory the obliging companion and the attentive friend of her younger years, persuaded lady Powerscourt to acknowledge, that in her present fituation such a neighbour would be a defirable acquifition. apprehension of being disgraced by the recognition of her cousin was relieved by the fortunate communications of fome morning vifitors, who, having heard that fir William had publicly announced his intention of providing for Mr. Evans,

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flew to inform my lady that he was the "charmingest and most delightfulest preacher in the world; that Mrs. Evans too, though an excellent manager, was an amiable agreeable creature, quite the gentlewoman both in manner and appearance."

Sir William had purpofed ufhering in his intended disposal of the living of Powerscourt, by observations on the loss they should sustain by Mr. Jones's removal, and how highly defirable it was to have an agreeable neighbour at the rectory. He intended next to allude to Mr. Evans's reputed skill at back-gammon, and to inquire if his wife was not a very chatty converfable woman; but my lady stopped his exordium in the midst by one of those fweet furprifals in which the reader will perceive she abounded, and begged him as a favour to compliment her coufins with

with the presentation,—a request which was granted with equal astonishment and joy.

Those who have been accustomed to dread the censures of their own hearts, and to suppose that an unwarrantable indulgence of the irritable passions must produce felf-condemnation, will probably wonder that lady Powerscourt should wish for the fociety of a person whose presence must administer perpetual reproach to her conscious mind; but her moral creed was formed upon different principles. She thought it as much impossible for a person of fortune to behave ill to an inferior, as for a beauty to be capricious, or a wit fatirical. Each of these characters had a privilege to be rude, tyrannical, and cenforious; and as their faults required no atonement, every body was bound, upon the smallest change of behaviour on their parts, to

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lose the remembrance of past storms in ravishing admiration of the present gentle breeze. Though endued herself with that trembling sensibility which bleeds at every pore, she doubted the existence of feeling in the subordinate orders of mankind; and though she had lest her friend sinking in all the horrors of want, without stretching forth her hand to support her, she would have thought that friend the most ungrateful being in the world, if she had refused to dedicate her time to the task of endeavouring to alleviate her real or fancied forrows.

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Mrs. Evans certainly could feel, but she could also forgive. In her behaviour to lady Powerscourt she appeared to remember nothing but that she was the friend of her early youth, and the wife of her revered benefactor. "It is my "duty," she used to say to her husband, when he kindly reproved her for devoting

devoting so much time to the painful and unwholesome confinement of a sick chamber: "Consider," she continued, "how much we owe to sir William's "bounty, and how much it besits us to try to alleviate those troubles with which Providence thinks sit to prove the worthiest of human hearts." In this opinion Mr. Evans acquiesced, and only cautioned her not to injure her invaluable health.

Ten years fuccessively rolled away without producing any remarkable change at Powerscourt. The Evans's continued to devote their chief attention to the duties which gratitude, sympathy, and pity required. Soothed by their society, enraptured by the attractive sweetness of his enchanting daughter, and sustained by the exalting consciousness of a life of usefulness and rectitude, fir William endured the hourly vexations

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y vexations by which the increased irritability of lady Powerscourt's temper contrived to cloud every enjoyment in which she could no longer partake. It seemed as if her example was intended as an awful warning to the pride of beauty and the pride of wealth. She lived to be disgusting and dependant, but she did not live to feel and acknowledge that her faults required the righteous chastisement.

Sir William's deportment at her death was marked by that decent propriety which characterized all his actions. He did not affect to be inconfolable, but he treated her memory with becoming respect. He submitted to the inconvenience of the little parlour and the summer apartments, because it would look like unkindness to his poor wife to restore things to their old state again. From the same motive he kept the

though he either forgot their names or mistook their situations; and though he rather dissilked dogs, he permitted an old black spaniel to be his constant companion, because it seemed to be the only thing to which she shewed any attachment. Yet bitter remembrance would sometimes extort from him, in the company of very particular friends, the confession, "that the poor woman "had very odd ways, but people who " are always ill are apt to be whim- fical."

It was the general opinion of the country, that the good baronet would never more engage in a matrimonial connection, and this feemed to be the more extraordinary, as it was known he ardently wished to transmit his fortune and honours to a lineal descendant of his own name. Whether influenced

fluenced by delicacy arifing from past happiness, or corroded by the recollection of past forrows, it is certain he never appeared perfectly at ease when love or marriage was the topic of conversation; and though remarkable for uniform civility, the words, "fine feeling," and "acute sensibility," when used in their general import, always drew from him an emphatical "Non-sense".

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## CHAP. VII.

ninela, or cornolled by the recolter.

This Envy owns, fince now her bloom is fled,)

Fair as the forms that, wove in Fancy's loom,

Float in light vision round the poet's head.

Whene'er with fost ferenity she smil'd,
Or caught the orient blush of quick surprize,
How sweetly mutable, how brightly wild
The liquid lustre darted from her eyes!

Each look, each motion, wak'd a new-born grace, That o'er her form its transient glory cast: Some lovely wonder soon usurp'd the place, Chas'd by a charm still lovelier than the last.

MASON.

My readers, whom I introduced in the beginning of my second Chapter to the marriage of Geraldine Powerscourt with the earl of Monteith, will perhaps complain of the intervening circumstances which retard my account of the events immediately subsequent to those auspicious

blame me for beginning in the middle, and then going back to the first part; but I have not even yet quite unravelled the clue which led to that event, and must entreat their patience a little longer. Nothing is so imposing upon the generality of the world as an air of superior information and self-considence; I shall therefore, instead of acknowledging myself to have been in an error, proceed to state, that this apparent inconsistency is the effect of plan, and fanctioned by authority.

I can plead the example of many ingenious luminaries, who folely owe their reputation to a skilful generalship in the arrangement of their plans. Some have chosen to make a second volume take precedence of the first; others have objected to the formality of a beginning; and a third set have distained the pevol. 1.

dantry of a conclusion. Several of the wits of the last age wrote pages on their own pre-existent state; and many writers of our times have penned volumes, which, if they have any meaning, tend to prove that it would have been better had they not existed at all. Some suppose the road to fame lies through the labyrinth of inexplicable paradoxes; while others, who publish one book to disprove what they have written in another, feem to think that, in order to advance, it is necessary to move backward like a crab. In vain does Criticisin attempt to restrain these excursive flights:-the modern Pegasus is too restive to endure the rein, and too volatile to attend to the lash; and most writers have fucceeded, who have attempted to found their reputation on the broad basis of singularity; for what greater proof of originality and spirit

can be given than by doing or faying fomething which furprises or terrifies every body?

But though these huge Leviathans may thus tofs and fport as they pleafe in the great deeps of literature, the leffer fry of authors must submit to some precautions, or endure the harder alternative of annihilation. Our morofe talkmasters not only impose upon us the hard laws of having a beginning, a middle, and an end; but they flate the neceffity of unity of defign, and an attention to costume in age, place, and character. As I purposed, therefore, to treat of the effects arising from the marriage of lady Monteith, it became neceffary for me to hurry into the midst of the scene, and to bring forth Powerscourt-house in "high pomp jubilant;" and, like Homer, Virgil, and Milton, to adjust relative circumstances in an episodical F 2

episodical manner. In one respect I differ from these high authorities, by making myself the relator; but even here I have an ingenious siction ready to obviate critical asperity. It is only supposing me the old Nestor of the sable, or the chorus of the scene, and I may tell as many long stories as I please, and moralise whenever I have an inclination, without offending against any of the statutes of Parnassus in that case made and provided. I will now introduce my Heroine upon the stage.

The connection between a lively fenfible girl and a fickly petulant parent could be but flender; the concern, therefore, which Geraldine felt for Lady Powerfcourt's death was foon overcome. She had long confidered Mrs. Evans as more truly fulfilling the maternal character; and she felt for her judicious, firm, but affectionate reproofs,

that

whine of her mother's complaining cenfures failed to inspire. Under the care of an experienced governess and celebrated masters, procured at unsparing expence, she rapidly acquired every semale grace and suitable accomplishment; but it was to the instructions of Mrs. Evans, and to the tender friendship of her daughter Lucy, that her mind was indebted for its richest treasures.

At the age of seventeen she appeared an enchanting beauty; polite, sensible, accomplished, affable, and generous; the idol of her father, the delight of her friends and dependants, the envy of the neighbourhood, and the object to which every man of fortune in the county secretly aspired:

<sup>&</sup>quot; -- She was indeed the glass

<sup>&</sup>quot; Wherein the neighbouring youth did drefs them-

Miss Powerscourt's example would fanction a small absurdity; and her enchanting manners excited a herd of awkward imitators. They forgot, however, that it was her wit which supported her opinion, and her graceful beauty that gave elegance to the form of a bonnet, or adjusted the drapery of a robe.

Some fastidious observers, who, cold to the fascination of captivating lovelines, contemplate "the human form divine" with the same cautious discrimination with which they would analyze the merits of a picture, pointed out some shades in this fascinating portrait. They observed, that her vivacity at times approached to levity; that, under the form of easy nonchalance, her eye was on the watch for adulation; and that the perfections which nature had so liberally bestowed lost their most delicate attractions

attractions in the consciousness of posfeffion.

To these observations Candour replied, that even levity was pardonable in youth and beauty, when it appeared to be the artless offspring of a happy innocent heart; that inexperience would apologize for the faults which proceeded from an exuberant flow of animal spirits, a strong defire to please, and a difposition uncommonly prone to the most generous difinterested confidence; that it was impossible for her to escape the knowledge of her own perfections, when every tongue was loud in her praise, and there were none to dispute her claim to pre-eminence; and that it was even amiable in her to wish to display those excellencies which feemed ever to communicate delight to others. I have stated the debates which were caused by the appearance and manners of Miss PowerfPowerscourt, and shall only observe, that in point of numbers the applauders hadit.

Many were the detractors and imitafors which the fair Geraldine excited; but one young lady, who was neither her rival nor her copyift, loved her with unaffected tenderness. The character of Lucy Evans was perfectly her own; it was cast in nature's most artless mould, and finished by the unremitting attention of an intelligent mother and an exemplary father. Inferior to her friend in personal charms and expensive accomplishments, she was yet very pretty, very fensible, very amiable, and as well educated as the daughter of a country clergyman need wish to be. Early taught the difference between a young woman whole fortune must arise from the savings of four hundred pounds per annum, and the heirefs of twice as many thousands, she

never made the indulgences of Miss Powerscourt the model for the regulation of her own enjoyments and desires. She had read much, she had thought more; her leisure for study and reflection was greater than her friend's, and her mind imperceptibly acquired superior energy. Her knowledge of the world was confined to the manor-house and the rectory; at the former she sometimes met mixed characters; her sensibility made her strongly feel their improprieties, and her sincerity generally betrayed those emotions.

The ladies were friends in the strictest sense of the word; but when I own that there was no other young person within several miles with whom Miss Powerscourt could properly form an intimacy, my readers will probably condemn me for ascribing the term friendship to an intimacy which rather proceeded from

chance and locality than from taste and selection, and will probably predict that it was very likely to be annihilated in the rude changes of the jostling world. The following pages will discover how far they are right; it shall suffice for me at present to affirm, that at the time I am treating of the attachment was mutual and sincere.

While the fair Geraldine bent over the harp with the grace of a Calliope and the execution of a Cecilia, Lucy fat quietly at her plain work in a corner of the room, and enjoyed the applause which her friend's masterly performance ever excited. But when Miss Powerscourt's skill in music, drawing, embroidery, sillagree, and every other fashionable acquirement, had been displayed, Miss Evans could not wholly escape observation, at least if any persons in company were sufficiently liberal to

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turn their eyes from the dazzling splendor of fortune to the mild lustre of modest independence. Though her observations did not proceed from a mouth exquifitely formed, nor were enforced by eyes of peculiar brilliancy, they befpoke a correct intelligent mind, and were accompanied by an arch naiveté, or an ingenuous earnestness, which feemed at once to develope the fpeaker's artless amiable mind. Exulting at the attention which her Lucy's remarks obtained, Mifs Powerscourt ever delighted to lead the conversation to topics on which she knew her to excel; and when the party was large, modelt diffidence was often charmed out of its intended filence by the affectionate artifices of the miltress of the feaft.

Without attributing too much to the allurements of wealth, it may readily be believed, that Miss Powerscourt's hand.

was an object of general contention. After having, in the space of two years, refused more unexceptionable offers than the most invincible heroine of modern romance can boaft, she was introduced to the earl of Monteith at Chefter raceball, and at her chaperon's request accepted him for a partner. Their similitude in graceful beauty, age, fortune, and connections, pointed them out to the whole company as a most suitable match; and a little policy was admitted, that the peerless pair might not be feparated the whole evening. The next morning his lordship appeared early upon the course, where dismounting without once discussing the merits of the racehorses, or attending to the weighing of the drivers, he took his feat in the stand next to Miss Powerscourt, and during the whole morning feemed to forget that he had feveral thousands depending upon

upon the issue of the course. In the evening he was again at the ball, again requested the hand of his former partner, and, without once spraining his ancle or complaining of insusferable heat, danced till three o'clock the next morning. Every body was now sure that he was captivated, and the whole county were on the tiptoe of expectation.

On the very day of her return to Powerfcourt, Geraldine set out in search of her Lucy, and entreated that she would come and spend a little time with her at the manor. It was impossible for Miss Evans to avoid observing, that her friend's account of the ball, the dresses, and the manners of the company, was very much embarrassed, and destitute of its usual vivacity. On entering the dressing-room Geraldine locked the door, and, throwing her arms around her Lucy's neck, told her she had a secret to divulge

vulge which was of the greatest importance. On receiving a promise of inviolable secrecy, Miss Powerscourt attempted to explain; but after several inessectual attempts to begin the discovery, she saw some company coming over the lawn, and, promising her friend to be more explicit at another time, she unlocked the door and hastened to receive her guests.

It was more than a week before Miss. Evans could find leisure from her domestic occupations to visit Powerscourthouse, in order that she might receive the facred trust. She now found her friend's lively spirits still more subdued; she was absent, frequently sighed, played with her mother's picture, which hung suspended by a pearl chain on her bofom, sketched sigures upon the table with her netting needle, and, though unusually affectionate in her expressions, seemed.

feemed less inclined to confide the story of her troubles than at their former interview. Neither Miss Evans's disposition nor education were in the least romantic; she could only perceive that her friend had met with some great vexation, and she was too delicate to endeavour to pierce the veil which concealed those forrows; she therefore contented herself with secretly wishing the painful anxiety speedily removed.

But, though Miss Evans was thus shortfighted, my readers have probably discovered enough of the disorder to acquit me of introducing extraneous
matter, though I should instantly revert
to lord Monteith. On dancing with
Miss Powerscourt the first night, he
publicly declared that she was the finest
girl he had ever seen: the conversation
in the stand convinced him that she was
uncommonly clever; and at the inter-

view the fecond evening she appeared with fuch captivating grace, that he loudly protested she was the most elegant woman in the world; and that Geraldine Powerscourt was almost enough to induce any man to fubmit to the yoke of marriage. The friends to whom he uttered these rapturous exclamations reported them to their mothers and fisters, who repeated them to their acquaintance; but the rough masculine fentiment, when filtered through the organs of female delicacy, spoke in a much fofter and more infinuating tone. All the ladies protested that the earl of Monteith was deeply enamoured with Miss Powerscourt; that he thought her the divinest creature that ever existed; that he was dying for an opportunity of throwing himfelf at her feet; and that his whole earthly happiness depended upon her. This high-flown language, repeated

peated by every vifitor, certainly vibrated on the ear of the fair Geraldine with a pleasing found. She considered the abfurdity of the expression to be entirely chargeable on the repeater, but that the fentiment was undoubtedly his lordship's. She only answered by the words "How ridiculous! How infinitely abfurd!" but the blushed and smiled while she reproved, and made no effort to change the conversation to a more sensible subject. Every body observed, that she sighed frequently, talked lefs, and could remember none but plaintive tunes. The lovely pair were therefore certainly mutually fmitten; and it was earnestly hoped that sir William would not waywardly attempt to interdist their union.

A month elapsed, yet the enamoured fwain had neither flung himself at the feet of his dulcinea, nor taken any other step to secure the prize upon which his whole

whole earthly happiness depended. This delay, though it cost the lady a little chagrin, was yet upon the whole beneficial to his lordship's cause. She had time to reflect upon all he had faid, and all he had looked at their former interviews a and though her own knowledge of his character was limited to the observation of uncommon elegance of figure and a gentlemanlike address, the whole world (I mean that part of it with which Mils Powerscourt was acquainted) protested that he was a most amiable and accomplished nobleman. These vague indefinite terms may be compared to the outline which travellers frequently prefent of newly-discovered countries, leaving space for succeeding adventurers to embellish the chart by placing rivers, bays, and mountains where they suppose they may be found. Miss Powerscourt exercised all her inventive powers

to fill up the sketch of lord Monteith's character. She marshalled all the virtues and agreeable qualities, and placed them in the properest stations. Wit was supported by taste and learning, generosity was circumscribed by prudence, and heroism was tempered by the most melting sensibility. In sine, the portrait was enchanting, but the likeness was ideal; the sair designer however, like Pygmalion, became deeply enamoured with the creature of her own imagination.

## CH AP. VIII.

O, ten times faster Venus' pigeons sly
To seal love's bonds new made, than they are wont
To keep obliged faith unforfeited.

O Love, be moderate, allay thy ecstasy;
In measure rain thy joy, scant this excess the less than the sexual seal of the sexual seasons.

I feel too much thy blessing, make it less,
For fear I surfeit the sexual seasons seasons seasons seasons.

SHAKESPEARE.

Lord Montesth was quite a Benedict, and had determined not to encumber himself with a wife, unless he found it impossible to be happy without one. He hastened from the rural shade and moping solitude, which, if not the mother, is certainly the nurse of Love. He plunged into the dissipation of London, visited the court, the opera, the pantheon masquerades; but the lovely form of the Cambrian enchantress pursued him to every retreat. Nay, even at

the gaming-table, when hundreds were depending upon the odd trick, she rose to his view in all the splendor of her ball-room ornaments; bending her waving plumes, she gently struck him with her magic fan, and, begging him to be attentive to the delightful dance which was just begun, made him lose the game.

If my limited observation of the male character may be trusted, the difference of soul in the two sexes is no where more plainly seen than in their manner of encountering vexation. A lady in lord Monteith's circumstances, upon finding her heart irrecoverably lost, would have devoted her time to woods and groves, and, only breathing her passion to some dear considerate, would have found a luxurious indulgence in complaining of her ruthless stars; but his lordship, when he discovered that even cards

cards and dice could no longer occupy his mind, ordered post-horses, and in less than forty-eight hours arrived at the seat of his friend lord W. in Caernarvonshire, to consult on the properest method of making proposals to the lady who had caused such cruel devastation.

It was agreed, that a very gallant address to Miss Powerscourt should be inclosed in a respectful letter to fir William; and, to give the proceedings more weight, lord W. offered to be courier. He found the father and daughter tête-àtête: the latter rose on his announcing particular business; but on his adding, with a fignificant look, that it concerned lord Monteith, she seemed rather to loiter in her attempt to leave the room. " Stay, my dear love, if you like it better," said fir William, " for I have no fecrets from you." The permission was very agreeable; she walked to the opposite

opposite window, and seemed only occupied in playing with her favourite Italian greyhound, while her father was circumspectly examining the seal of the packet, and decyphering the armorial honours of the Macdonalds.

dine," faid fir William. She turned to receive it; but encountering the eyes of lord W. the liveliest confusion was imprinted on her countenance. She would have given the world to escape the explanation, which, but a moment before, she was impatient to hear. Luckily a fervant announced the arrival of Miss Evans, and she hastened to receive her friend, while lord W. as he attended her to the door, politely whispered that her triumph was complete, and entreated her to be as merciful as she was invincible.

Sir William had by this time perused his letter, and sunk into a prosound reverie, from which he was roused by the eulogium which lord W. pronounced on the rank, talents, fortune, and connexions of his noble friend, the warmth of his attachment, and the uncommon excellencies of Miss Powerscourt.

Though fir William listened with the most delighted attention to the pane-gyric on his daughter, he discovered great uneasiness during the description of lord Monteith's passion; and as soon as lord W. had ended his harangue, he expressed his hopes that the account was not quite true. His noble guest took fire at the imputation of exaggeration, and confirmed every thing he had before asserted with violent protestations.

"Then I beg your lordship's par-"don," said sir William; "and I do "assure you, that I had not the smallest "design

" worthy

" design of offending; for, I dare say,
" you never told me more than what
" you thought was truth; and very pos" sibly lord Monteith may think so too.
" Young men and women are apt to
" suppose themselves in love, and I
" hope it is no more in the present case;
" for I should be very sorry to have
" my girl make a worthy gentleman

Lord W. pleaded that his noble friend was certainly one of the first matches in the kingdom.

" miserable."

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"Undoubtedly," replied fir William;

and yet, no disparagement to the Macdonalds, the Powerscourts are quite

as ancient and respectable. But, to tell

you the truth, I am not very fond of

lords, at least not for sons-in-law. Ge
raldine will have enough if her husband

has not a shilling, and I would rather

she should bestow herself upon some

worthy man who would keep up my

family, than fink myname and fortune

" in that of any peer in the three king-

" doms."

Lord W. observed, that by a suitable arrangement in the marriage writings the family name might be preserved.

Sir William, rather fretted at these expedients. "I have told you, my lord," said he, "that I think very well

of the Macdonalds; it is an ancient

of name, and an honourable family; it

" has given birth to a great many true

" lovers of their country; but I hope

-lard Monteith will not be offended

with me, if I say that I prefer my own.

"In short, my lord, there is a young man

" whom I think of for Geraldine; and

" a great bleffing, let me tell you, she

" will be to him."

Lord W. recollected a young man of the name of Powerscourt, whose education tion had been defrayed at fir William's expence, and who occasionally visited at the manor; but as he was known to be entirely dependent upon his patron's bounty, no one supposed him the destined husband for the heires of Powersourt. His lordship's astonishment was so great that he could not help asking, whether the lady affented to this extraordinary disposal of charms which might add honour to a dukedom.

"I have not yet told her my plans," faid fir William; "fhe is very young at "present, and I would not cut short her "happiest days. She is so attached to "me, that I am sure it will be almost "death for her to leave me; but as she "is my only child, I must marry her "to keep up my family. I assure your "lordship, she is a very sensible girl, "and will have no notion about duke-

"doms, unless other people put it in her head."

Lord W. asked if the happy youth knew his envied destination.

Sir William did not like to be thus catechifed; he, however, answered in the negative. "I don't think it right," faid he, " to have young men made " vain. He is a modest good lad now, " and will enjoy his fortune better, and " know how to do more good with it, of for having been without one when he " was young. I affure you, my lord, " you are the first person to whom I ever " mentioned my plan, though I formed " it as foon as my wife died, never in-" tending to marry again. It is out of " respect to lord Monteith that I men-" tion it, because I would not have him " think that I refuse his addresses in an uncivil manner. But had I not better

turch

" write

write a few lines to his lordship, as he was so polite as to write to me?"

Lord W. promised to be a faithful reporter of what had passed, and they separated mutually distatisfied, lord W. conceiving sir William to be the most extraordinary old quiz he ever conversed with; and sir William wishing the slashy young men would let his daughter alone, being certain that she was perfectly happy if they would not torment her.

While this scene passed in the breakfast-parlour, Geraldine was perusing her
letter in the dressing-room, commenting on its passionate but respectful contents, and owning to her dear Lucy
that it was impossible to deny lord Monteith's merits. She could now repeat all
the adventures of Chester races; her
account was lively and interesting, yet
sufficiently sentimental to explain to Miss
Evans the reason of her absence and her

fighs. She waited her father's fummons with impatience, and flew to dinner with fo light a foot as would scarcely have pressed down

" The goffamer

"That idles in the summer's noon-tide air:" but it was observable, that she returned with

" Even flep and musing gait,

" Sober, stedfast, and demure."

I need not account in diffuse terms for the change. Sir William had informed her of his absolute rejection of lord Monteith, in a manner which evidently proved that he expected she would be as well satisfied with his conduct in this particular, as she had been in every preceding instance, it never occurring to fir William that she could be at all interested in the addresses of a stranger.

Though Miss Powerscourt had certainly acted with girlish precipitancy in attaching

attaching herfelf to the idol of her own imagination; and though, with the common philosophy of nineteen, she supposed nothing so irretrievable as a wandering heart, she really was what fir William esteemed her to be, a very amiable and very fenfible girl. She not only loved her father's person, but she also venerated his character. The emphasis that he laid on the word stranger induced her to reflect on the hazard of bestowing her hand upon a person with whom the was fo flightly acquainted; and though the continued to believe that lord Monteith poffessed all the real virtues of which she had conjured up the resemblance, yet she thought there would be no impropriety in letting the latent excellencies expand. In fine, she was too respectful as a daughter to establish an open opposition to her father's intentions, and too delicate as a female to think of

encouraging an address which wanted the solemn fanction of paternal approbation. If lord Monteith's passion were sincere, it would not be repressed by difficulties; and if it stood the trial, she knew the warmth of sir William's affection to her too well to fear his sinal rejection, when he should know that her happiness depended upon his assent.

If my readers think these resolutions too magnanimous to correspond with the character of a young lady accustomed even to that solicitous indulgence which prevents our wishes, who never viewed the world but on its brightest side, and who never saw

- " Hard unkindness' alter'd eye
  - " Mock the tear it forc'd to flow;"

net it be remembered, that she had in Mrs. Evans a friend of a superior cast to what most heiresses can ever hope to posses; a friend who, having no sinister

finister views, had no occasion for servility or flattery;—a friend, who to an exalted turn of mind united the courage to enforce unpleasant truths, and generosity to overlook casual errors.

We have feen that gratitude to fir William reconciled Mrs. Evans to the painful task of attending lady Powerscourt during her long illness. When death terminated what she conceived to be her duty in that particular, she considered the situation of his daughter. Young, amiable, idolized, possessed of superior beauty and uncommon vivacity, by what more noble method could she evince her gratitude to the father, than by showing the unwary girl the shoals and quick-sands which abound in the voyage of life?

Mrs. Evans's early knowledge of what is called the great world convinced her, that though refinement may interpose

its flimfy veil, the unamiable paffions prevail in the higher circles as much as in the cottage; and that the pilgrim who wishes to pursue a safe course must unite the ferpent with the dove. While, therefore, the strongly recommended to Miss Powerscourt the extirpation, not the concealment, of every ungenerous, violent, and felfish principle, as the happiest means of ensuring internal peace the taught her to apprehend external danger from the violence and felfishness of others, however concealed by the fair appearance of polished manners, or even by professions of attachment. But, above all, the strongly imprinted on her pupil's mind a veneration for her father's character. She not only pointed out his active benevolence, patient gentleness, and firm integrity, but led her to confider the general propriety of his opinions upon any subject with which

3

he

he was thoroughly acquainted; and though his recluse habits had cast an air of fingularity over his natural good fense, yet his plain firm stile of thinking was not only better but wifer than that flexible judgment which bends, contracts, or expands, as the world, that is, as caprice determines. Nothing could be more judicious than these instructions. Miss Powerscourt's parts were lively and brilliant, quick in difcovering the ridiculous, and powerful in exposing it. Though virtue, benevolence, and fond indulgence, must have obtained the warm affection of her grateful heart, her respect for such a father could only be founded on the perfuafion which she had imbibed in her early youth of the natural fuperiority of his uncultivated understanding.

The consciousness of yielding to a weakness which Mrs. Evans would disapprove,

approve, had kept her from informing Lucy of the state of her heart prior to lord Monteith's declaration, and the fame fentiment forbade her discovering any ftrong uneafiness at her father's rejection of his addresses. In relating the affair the only observed with a suppressed fighthat she thought his lordship infinitely the most amiable and deserving of any of her fuitors; but fince her father difapproved the connexion, she should acquiesce in his decision, and heartily wish the earl happy with fome other lady; in which wish, however, it may be questioned whether the did not make a little use of the long bow. let and trast in

The enamoured earl was not at this time in so quiescent a state. He was quite in a humour for

<sup>&</sup>quot; Moving accidents by flood and field;" he confequences of visiding inO.

<sup>&</sup>quot; For hair breadth 'scapes in th' imminent " deadly breach."

One time he resolved to storm the castle and free the lady from durance; at another time decided to firetch his rival in the bloody dust. The probability of the fair one's being offended by the first project foon made him abandon that; and there feemed fo much cruelty in killing a man who did not even know that he was an impediment to his hap. piness, that his lordship's cooler judgment pronounced that the latter would be too fanguinary. After confidering all the plans which antient and modern romance supplies, the old scheme of Jupiter and the shower of gold was preferred. But it was not to Danaë that the Caledonian Jupiter descended in that form; it was to Danaë's waiting maid.

The very evening after this phenomenon had taken place, Miss Powerscourt faw a letter upon her dressing-table, superscribed in characters which she perfectly

perfectly

Abigail was not an adept in her profession; for on being questioned how it came there, she neither affirmed that she saw a Cupid sly in with it at the window, nor even hinted that it might be conveyed there by fairies, or rise out of the table by the power of enchantment. She neither invoked goblin nor witch, but simply owned that lord Monteith begged her to deliver it, and she thought there could be no harm in complying with the request of such an agreeable gentleman.

"If you do not know your duty to "my father, Bridget, I know mine: "return it immediately to his lord-"fhip; but stay; I think I will add a "few words."

Mrs. Bridget bleffed her goodness, and began an harangue on his lordship's virtues, virtues, which her mistress silenced with a look, and she retired.

The opener of Pandora's box was a gentleman. Let the gentlemen therefore behold one of the fex whom they brand with the stigma of curiosity, sitting with a Pandora's box fealed before her, yet forbearing to lift the interdicted lid. She wrote a few lines which expressed her abhorrence of a clandestine correspondence, without intimating perpetual enmity against the correspondent, and, inclosing his lordship's letter, rung her bell, and ordered it to be delivered by the very first opportunity. She refused Mrs. Bridget's attendance that evening, and betook herfelf to the repofe which conscious rectitude and self possesfion can alone enjoy.

family; that the would go on norlaback, only secondards. by Mr. John the cooks that the total law enrough a

-deion

sall bur in

Mile Books and the miletes filenced with

## CHAP. IX.

A prudent father,

By nature charg'd to guide and rule her choice,

Refigns his daughter to a husband's power,

Who, with superior dignity, with reason,

And manly tenderness, will ever love her;

Not first a kneeling slave, and then a tyrant.

Thomson.

Lord Monteith and his friend were forced to project fresh measures; for Mrs. Bridget was so unwilling to offend her dear generous young lady, that she resused to appear any more upon the stage, and yet her gratitude to the dear generous young gentleman induced her to consent still to take a part behind the scenes. She suggested that her lady would soon pay a visit to a neighbouring family; that she would go on horseback, only accompanied by Mr. John the groom; that the road lay through a neigh-

neighbouring coppice, but that lord W. as well as fir William had keys of the ridings; and she concluded with observing significantly, that Mr. John was a very well-behaved man, no listener, and too discreet to say any thing.

The excursion was undertaken at the appointed time; but the inflant Miss Powerscourt entered the wood, she saw a gentleman on horseback approaching, whom, in another instant, she knew to be lord Monteith. Her first intention was to turn back, but she was prevented by John's having dropped the key in the long grafs, just as he had locked the gate. Anger was useles, indeed unreasonable; for the poor man was endeavouring to repair his careleffness by looking for it very anxiously. Though she could not but suspect that the rencontre was concerted, she had sufficient confidence in her own dignity to overcome was impossible, and she advanced slowly to the dreaded interview

On the gentleman's fide there was expressed an infinitude of love, admiration, and despair, blended with some degree of refentful fenfibility at the idea of being compelled privately to folicit a bleffing to which he had thought himself entitled publicly to aspire. On the lady's there appeared a just fense of female decorum, and a fleady refolution to reprefs any acrimonious observations on her father's conduct. But the most interesting part of the conversation took place after lord Monteith had explained fir William's reasons for rejecting his addresses, and asked her if the would accept the lover he defigned to propose.

answer. "Should my father ever ex-

" press such intentions to me, I must

" be as firm in refusing my hand where

" I cannot bestow my heart, as I now

" am in rejecting your addresses while

" he disapproves of them."

" Most admirable of all human crea-

" tures!" exclaimed Monteith, "I will

" patiently commit my destiny to the

" care of a lady whose exalted ideas in-

" crease my esteem for her at every in-

" terview; yet permit me to add one

"moreinquiry. Might I venture, madam,

" to hope, or should I have been too pre-

" sumptuous in hoping, that if I had

" been honoured by fir William's ap-

" probation, I should not have encoun-

" tered the terrors of your refufal?"

Miss Powerscourt's reply was confused and inarticulate; yet the deep crimson which slushed her half-averted face, and the softness of her accent, did not reduce him to despair. She perceived

it did not; and as foon as fhe had recollected herfelf, she added, "I know the " goodness of my father's heart; I know his unbounded affection for me; and I " am confident that he will perfift in no " plan that would make me miserable. But let me entreat you, my lord, not to purfue a method of addressing me " which must either make me mean " in my own eyes, or diminish my " respect for your character." His lordship bowed, and, protesting inviolable obedience and unaltered love, rode off just at the instant that John found the key which enabled Miss Powerscourt to pursue her expedition. Her conduct in this interview did not leffen her in her lover's affections, for he vowed to lord W. that she was an angel in a human form, and that he was determined either to die or obtain her.

Nor

Nor did the Evans's, to whom Miss Powerfcourt impartially related this incident and that of the letter, feel any diminution of the love and esteem which the many amiable qualities of their charming young friend had long excited. On the contrary, Mrs. Evans bestowed warm encomiums on the marked propriety of her conduct, and Lucy's eyes shone with that humid lustre which the praises of her dear Geraldine always called forth. Sir William's scheme for the intended disposal of his daughter's hand excited general furprife, mingled with some share of disapprobation; and, though uniform respect for his character prevented Mrs. Evans from expressing any doubt of the propriety or practicability of the scheme, the artless openhearted Lucy was fo strongly perfuaded of its impropriety, that the moment Miss Powerscourt retired, she could not avoid reprobating

reprobating the absurdity of allowing her friend so little influence in an affair so infinitely momentous to her own happiness.

" It is certainly wrong," replied Mrs. Evans, " and may be added to the " instances I have frequently repeated to convince you of the necessity of, conforming a little to the notions of other people; for I have often ob-" ferved, my dear girl, that you have " more tenacity of opinion than one go-" nerally meets with in a young woman " of nineteen. Do not fuffer fingula-" rity to creep upon you; for though "it only now appears in wearing your " hair smooth, while all your acquaint-" ance have theirs curled, or in ex-" prefling your diflike to music when all " the world is mufical, it may twenty or thirty years hence induce you to "lay more abfurd schemes for the " marriage reprobating

" marriage of my grandchildren than

" even fir William's fo much reprobated

" plan."

Lucy replied laughing, "I will put

or my hair in rollers this very evening,

" which will, I trust, remove your ap-

" prehensions respecting the preposter-

" ous matches of your grandchildren."

"If you, my dear," continued Mrs. Evans. " recollect the circumstances

" of fir William's life, and analyze his

" character, his present design will ap-

" pear the natural refult of both. The

" virtues which fpread prosperity and

" joy all around him are not the refult

of those refined feelings, those elegant

" fusceptibilities, which usurp the place

" of folid virtues in the estimation of

" too many. They are the effect of

" reflection, of principle, of christian

" principle, my dear, that firmest found-

" ation for all that is truly excellent

" in man. But though his idea, that

the gifts of fortune are only an ac-

countable stewardship, makes him

" uniformly and perseveringly upright

" and generous, it does not supply those

" nicer touches of the heart which na-

"ture never originally bestowed. Ex-

" clusive of what he feels for Geral-

"dine, I question whether his heart

64 was ever touched by any fentiment

" livelier than univerfal benevolence."

"How came he to marry then?" inquired Lucy. The air of naïveté with which she spoke would have diverted Mrs. Evans at another time; but when applied to the present subject it recalled painful sensations. "It was not a love-match," said she, after a long pause; "and I fear lady Powerscourt did not study to excite those sentiments of esteem and attachment in sir william's mind, which her en-

e gaging attentions would have in-" fpired. Though I believe he never " felt a stronger tie than what arose " from habit and compassion, his na-" tural goodness made him behave to " her, during the trial of a long fick-" ness, with fo much tenderness, that " he was univerfally accounted a most " excellent husband. You know, Lucy, " he is not apt to make observations on " people or incidents which do not " immediately affect himself. The world " flides by unnoticed, if it do not el-" bow him; and though this may con-" duce to the tranquillity of his mind, " it prevents him from enlarging his " flock of information. Can you, " however, wonder, from what he has " felt and from what he has observed, " that he should suppose mutual attach-" ment unnecessary in a union between " two worthy people? and you will al-" low

H

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" low Miss Powerscourt and her cousin

" answer that description."

" Most certainly they have the best

" hearts in the world; but is not lord

" Monteith too a most worthy charac-

" ter, and in point of rank and for-

" tune a more defirable match?"

" Fortune, my dear, though in most

" marriages a very necessary ingredient,

" is of little consequence in the disposal

" of Miss Powerscourt; for her here.

" ditary affluence is fo great, that she

" may possess every indulgence she can

wish for, without the necessity of

" her husband's adding any thing to

" the paternal flock. I am not one of

" those who flight the advantages of

rank; I allow it to be defirable; but

" if you balance against it the apparent

of justice of bestowing a rich heires on

" her father's nearest male relation,

" who is educated in the fame princi-

" ples

" ples, and will refide upon the fame

" fpot where his ancestors have flou-

" rished, who will most probably con-

" tinue to diffuse the same noble bene-

" volence and patriarchal hospitality; I

" protest, when I think of these advan-

" tages, I can condemn nothing but fir

" William's characteristical indifference

" to the state of his daughter's affec-

" tions. But I observe, Lucy, that of

" late you always feem uneafy and filent

" when we talk of Henry Powerscourt;

" are not you and your old friend and

" playfellow upon as good terms as

" ufual ?"

" Yes, quite fo."

" Then should you not rejoice at the

" prospect of his good fortune?"

" So I do; but poor lord Monteith-

" I cannot help just now thinking of

" him. I am forry at my very heart

That

that he should be lest unhappy, he is

Pray," faid Mrs. Evans, "how came you to know that he is fo uncommonly amiable and excellent?"
Mils Evans confessed that her informant
was Geraldine.

Evans, "the eye I fee has outstepped the judgment; I hope it has not missed it. What very amiable qualities could she discover in a ball-room? Does the indirect mode of his pursuing your friend, since her father's rejection, argue any very ex-

"No," faid Lucy, "indeed it does "not; but do, my dear mother, make allowances for his very strong attachment. I am afraid too my sweet friend's heart is irrevocably his, and ought she to marry Henry Powers-

" court, all worthy and good as he is,
" while her affections are another's?"

"Your mother's conduct," replied

Mrs. Evans, "has shewn her decided

" opinion upon fuch a question, nor

" has the ever found reason to regret

"the preference which has made her the wife of the worthiest of men.

"Yet, if in the present conslict of Miss

" Powerscourt's passions I could hope

that my warning voice might be heard,

" I would intreat her to confider, whe-

" ther, fince her attachment is not the

" refult of long acquaintance and im-

" partial observation, but the transient

" start of sudden preference, it be not

" at least possible that her father's plan

" for her happiness may be the most eli-

" gible? She can never now have an

" opportunity of knowing lord Mon-

" teith's real disposition previous to the

" marriage ceremony. The cautious

H.3 " lover

" lover will disclose nothing which is

" disagreeable, where he studies to re-

" commend himself to favour; and what

" can she learn from the vague or per-

" haps interested communications of

" others? Charge her then, my dear

" Lucy, in your moments of endear-

" ment and privacy; if your Geraldine's

" happiness be dear to you, charge her

" to reflect on Henry's known virtues,

" his modest diffidence, ingenuous gra.

" titude, and gentle, yet generous dif-

" position. Ask her, if these are not

" the qualities which must insure hap-

piness, and warn her not to mistake

" a transient liking for an infurmount-

" able attachment."

Miss Evans burst into tears at her mother's pathetic injunction, and promised obedience.

## CHAP. X.

True dignity is his, whose tranquil mind
Virtue has rais'd above the things below;
Who, every hope and fear to heaven resign'd,
Shrinks not, though Fortune aim her deadliest
blow.

BEATTIE.

While Youth with democratic violence pulls down Reason from her sovereign seat, and commits the helm to a rebel rout of passions; Age, finding these riotous principles quiet and manageable in his own particular territories, supposes it easy for others to keep them in equal subjection, and affirms that the absolute unlimited monarchy of the ci-devant princess is not only the best mode of government, but actually the most feasible. It is not wonderful that Youth should deny the power of those restrictive principles which time and experi-

ence gradually introduce; but certainly Age might remember the fentiments that it once felt.

The above observation, though profoundly true in general, is, I confess, irrelevant to the case before us; for sir William Powerscourt had exactly the fame opinion of love at the time I am treating of, as he had forty years before; and Mrs. Evans was of fo fingular a tafte, and had fo thorough a contempt for a " fet of features and complexion," that, like Desdemona, she saw her husband's " features in his mind;" for when the felected Mr. Evans, who had no personal graces to boast of, she not only encountered embarraffed circumstances, but displeased her relations by rejecting a rich and handsome, but abandoned admirer.

A few days after the events related in my preceding Chapter had taken place,

place, fir William's bailiff begged his Honor's leave to tell him fomething that made him unhappy. It was, that he had twice feen a very fine gentleman whifpering with Mrs. Bridget in Ellis's temple in the dark hour. The groom, he added, seemed to know something about it, for he laughed, and faid Bridget had got a London sweetheart; but Roger fomehow thought, though he knew that fecond-handed gentlemen in London dreffed as fine as their masters, that this looked to be another guife kind of body. Sir William thanked Roger for his fidelity, shook his head, and observed that the world grew worse and worse every hour; to which observation Roger, who was of the same age with his master, cordially agreed.

Previous to these communications of faithful Roger, sir William had felt a considerable share of uneasiness. He

recollected that lady Powerscourt was very fond of relating long narratives of refiftless beauties, who, by their unrelenting cruelty, had compelled their defperate lovers to carry them off in chariots and fix, furrounded by armed footmen, maugre all their tears and cries; and though fir William had always confidered these tales to be entitled to an equal degree of credibility with those of Mother Goose, his anxiety for Geraldine reminded him, that if lord Monteith had ever happened to hear any of these stories, they might have put fomething in his head which he would not otherwise have thought of. He determined therefore to inform Henry Powerscourt of his defigns in his favour, and to confign his daughter to a husband's protection fome years fooner than he had intended.

That

That young gentleman passed the college vacations at Powerscourt, and excited the esteem of every intelligent obferver by his ingenuous diffidence, unaffected gentleness, and a thousand unequivocal proofs of a generous, grateful heart. His countenance was open, and his features agreeable, though they had no pretenfions to beauty; his figure was naturally good, but he feemed quite at a loss how to manage it to the best advantage. He was faid to possels very respectable literary talents, but the perpetual raillery of the lively Geraldine against pedants made him profoundly filent upon topics which he was best qualified to discuss. Of the world he was totally ignorant; and he feemed, like his respectable kinsman, to be not very anxious to be initiated into its mysteries. Afraid of being absurd, he never ventured to trifle; ignorant of H 6 the

the small talk of the day, too studious and retired during his college residence to enrich his mind with alma-mater anecdote, or to learn the art of practical joking; conscious of his dependant situation; solicitous to avoid intrusion; and ever fearful of offending; he certainly appeared with a reserve and gravity unusual at his age; and he might in a mixed company justify Geraldine's observations, that he looked like perpetual president of the club of the humdrums.

Miss Powerscourt's vivacity found continual employment during her coufin's visits in what she called teaching him the graces, and rubbing off college rust. But though an exuberant slow of youthful spirits made her sometimes pursue these topics further than her good nature would have permitted, had she known that it gave pain to the object

of her raillery, she felt for him the tenderness of a fister, and treated him with the confidence of a friend. Her heart was truly generous: I do not fpeak of that light, transient, and fometimes affected difregard for money which young people, who have never experienced its utility, often carelessly display; but of that real liberality which could circumscribe its own defires to increase the comforts of those around it. Far therefore from regretting the fums which fir William expended in Henry's education and support, or viewing the progress which he made in the good baronet's affections with envy or jealoufy, fhe continually urged him immediately to bestow upon the valuable oddity, as fhe stiled him, that independence which his noble mind richly deferved. " I even tell him," fhe would fay to her Lucy, " that in fo doing he will make " me

" me happier; for I cannot help
"feeling that I was thrown in the way
"most unseasonably to mar that dear
"fellow's expectations. But for me,
"you know, Lucy, he would have been
"heir to all my father's princely for"tune."

Such solicitude for Henry's interest had convinced fir William that his scheme was in the most prosperous way; and when, deeming the golden harvest of hope to be fully ripe, he informed his daughter with a fignificant fmile that he had fent for her cousin to Powerscourt upon business in which she was materially concerned, he certainly thought that he was communicating welcome intelligence. Far different were the agonized feelings of Geraldine, feel. ings which her anxiety to fave her elated father from the pangs of fudden difappointment could scarcely restrain. She flew

flew to Lucy, and, throwing herself into her arms, conjured her by all their infantine tenderness, if she ever loved, ever pitied her, to do something to save her from the dreadful alternative of a detested marriage, or offending an almost adored father.

Lucy mingled her tears with Geraldine's with more than the common fenfibility of friendship. She could recollect nothing but her mother's folemn adjuration, and she repeated her arguments with fidelity; but the moment of ftrong passion was unfavourable-to cool consideration. "O cease, my dearest girl!" interrupted Miss Powerscourt, " cease to urge the only proposal to which I cannot accede. Even your " mother, all prudent, all self-possessed " as she is, would strongly reprobate so-" lemn perjury. Had this union not " been proposed, my regard for lord " Mon" Monteith should never have induced

e me to have taken any step contrary

" to my father's will, nor should he

" have discovered that the sacrifice I

" made to filial duty was at the expence

" of my happiness. But to bind my-

" felf for ever to another, when my

" heart is irrevocably his; to shut out

" every hope that time might remove

" my father's reluctance; honour, de-

" licacy, affection, nay, even my esteem

" for Henry Powerscourt, all strongly

" forbid fuch an unhallowed bond!"

Lucy was quite a convert to these arguments; but when Geraldine again called upon her to suggest some plan of conduct that might obviate these threatened evils, the artless weeping girl could form no other scheme than that she should throw herself at sir William's feet and own a pre-engagement. Miss Powerscourt seemed not to have suffi-

cient

cient courage for a discovery which she apprehended must produce disagreeable events; but while depressed and unrefolved, she feemed firm in nothing but that she would ultimately reject her coufin's hand. The important eclaircissement came from another quarter.

I shall pass over many unimportant conversations to give a fuller account of the interview in which fir William unequivocally, and in fure expectation of a joyful acceptance, informed his kinfman of his defign to make him the heir of his fortunes, and the depositary of his daughter's happiness. But when he expected to fee the highly-favoured youth break out in a strain of grateful rapture, (for even his phlegmatic temper expected rapturous acceptance when Geraldine was the gift,) how cruelly was he disappointed to see his countenance betray diffress almost bordering

upon

upon despair, and to hear him in grateful, respectful, but decisive terms, reject the radiant, the alluring prize. Sir William stood motionless with astonishment to fee the " cloud-capt tower" he had been fo many years erecting prove in one moment to be only " the bafeless fabric of a vision;" and as I conceive my readers must be equally planetstruck, I cannot help asking them, in a tone of exultation, whether I have not attained the grand climax of improbability? whether the legends of modern romance, modern poetry, or the modern drama, can produce a fituation fo novel and firiking?

That a prudent, diffident young man, who, without having absolutely laid a plan to make his fortune, was anxiously solicitous to be relieved from a dependance which he severely felt; that such a one, I say, without any preconcerted design

design upon lady Bridget Autumn's estate, or the jointure of the duchess dowager of Witherington, should refuse the young, lovely, fascinating Geraldine, when offered to him by her father, with the immediate possession of three thoufand a year, and a certain affurance of an additional five thousand per annum on his death ;- I think I have been too diffident in only challenging my contemporaries in the circle of the Belles Lettres to rival me in the non-natural: I might also call upon the philosophers of the new school, and ask the illustrious fophists if they can form a paradox more perfectly incomprehensible.

But, notwithstanding my passionate love of same compels me to adopt the most sashionable, that is, the certain method of obtaining it, I cannot quite conquer the common soible of old people, that of looking back to the times

times I have feen, and thinking them fomewhat better than the present days. Indeed now and then I am rude enough to conjecture that the modern Parnassus is feated very near that "windy sea of land," which Milton names the Limbo of Vanity, the residence of

" All th' unaccomplish'd works of Nature's hand

" Abortive, monstrous, or unkindly mix'd."

Regretting that simple elegance and rational amusement should be sacrificed to high-sounding phrases and inconceivable wonders, signifying nothing, I sometimes invoke the shades of Addison, Goldsmith, and Fielding; and, after having contemplated the forms of nature or morality which their antiquated pages present, I in vain endeavour to be amused with ghosts and dungeons, incident without character, or character without effect. These last sentences recall

me that criticism may be as jejune and irrelative as the novel or poem which it condemns; and that the satirist of the taste and morals of others must from prudence avoid exhibiting any thing reprehensible in her own.

form my readers, that the abfurdity of my plan may be rather apparent than real. Henry Powerscourt might have some private reasons for his extraordinary conduct. He might have a pre-engagement; and no lover under twenty would hesitate to offer a sew annual thousands on the shrine of Cupid. He might be enamoured of academic shades, and think, like Shakespeare's Henry VI.

<sup>&</sup>quot; Marriage ! alas, my years are yet too young,

<sup>&</sup>quot;And fitter is my fludy and my books:"

Or the vivacity of Geraldine might intimidate him as much as Beatrice's did Benedict, and induce him to offer " to " go on an embaffy to Prefter John or the Antipodes, rather than encounter that lady's tongue."—What his real reasons were must not now be developed; but, knowing the pain of curiosity, I cannot help owning, notwithstanding my usual reserve, that I know them, and that they shall be explained in their proper place.

The reader must remember that I have left sir William in rather an awk-ward situation. Some little hope that there might be a mutual misunderstanding induced him to repeat the offer; and, in a tone that indicated not only surprize but displeasure, he asked Henry if this was what he meant to resuse? The embarrassed youth gave a hesitating "Yes," and turned aside to conceal the strong

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emotion of his agitated heart. "You are not ignorant, Henry," faid fir William, "that my fortune is entirely at my own disposal, and that all your inheritance is an estate of your father's, somewhat under a hundred a year."

" I know it, fir," answered Henry in

a voice scarcely audible; "I know too

" how infinitely I am beholden to your

" bounty, and that I could facrifice my

" life to prove my gratitude."

" Pho! pho!" faid fir William, " a

" fiddle-stick about gratitude and such

" nonfense; talking about these things

" is not to the purpose; I meant to

" have been a greater friend to you than

" I have been; but I suppose you have

" fome reasons for your behaviour, and

" fo I shall only add that I wish you a

" better offer."

He then left the room, while the afflicted Henry, wretched at the idea that he had offended the person whom of all others he most revered and esteemed, funk upon a sofa, and fell into a painful reverie on his past conduct. His motives appeared so laudable, that he could not upon retrospection wish the deed undone; he only seared that his voice, his looks, his words, or his manner, had not sufficiently indicated the deep veneration which he felt in his heart.

In a conversation which took place the same morning between fir William and his daughter, the former animadverted on Henry's unaccountable conduct in terms more acrimonious than he had ever before used. As a proof of the uncommon sweetness of Miss Powerscourt's disposition, she appeared not only to forgive the affront, but she even pleaded

pleaded for the bold refuser with all that enchanting eloquence by which she had ever been accustomed to influence her father's mind.

" I cannot, my dear fir," faid she, " condemn Henry's behaviour; on the " contrary, I think it proceeded from " that inviolable regard for honour and " fincerity which you tell me has been " from time immemorial the characters " iftic of our family. A mean inte-" rested person would have thought that " your predilection in his favour gave " him an absolute right to treat me as he " pleased; he would never have confi-" dered whether I was the wife he would " voluntarily have preferred. Looking " only at the greatness of my dowry, " he would at all times have filenced " the compunctions of his conscience, " by remembering that I was obtruded " upon his choice, when perhaps his " heart VOL. I.

"heart felt a secret preference for an-

While Miss Powerscourt spoke, her look, voice, and manner, were uncommonly beautiful and impressive. Sir William gazed upon her with inexpressible delight; and when she stopped, he only observed, that he thought there were few young men in the kingdom who would not have been overjoyed at such a proposal.

"Parental partiality," refumed Geraldine, "must not decide on such an important point; but let not my dearest father, through his fondness for me, swerve from that noble integrity which has ever been the rule of his actions. From motives of delicacy to myself I must entreat that the events of this morning may make no difference in your opinion of Henry.
Indeed I should think that as the highly-

e fity

" highly-liberal plan you had formed in " his favour is now frustrated, this is " the properest time to give him the inde-" pendence you defign for him. Supor pose you immediately resign the Me-" rionethshire estate. It is but five hun-" dred a year you know; and if fuch a " defalcation in your revenue should any " way derange your customary charities." " permit me, my dear father, to furren-" der part of that very ample allowance " which you give me. It really is much " more than I know how to spend; it " only makes me thoughtless and extra-" vagant; and I am fure that abridging " it would be a good moral leffon." " Speak no more, child, upon this fub-" ject," replied fir William; " nobody " shall fay that I brought a young fel-" low up, and then let him starve be-" cause he was not willing to marry " my daughter; but there is no neces-

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43 11 25

" fity for choosing the very time of his

" disobliging me to make him inde-

" pendent, as you call it. I have been

" put out of humour this morning, and I

« will take a ride round my farm to

se get myself comfortable again. I

don't see that Henry's staying here

co longer is of any use, and I shall tell

ichim that he may as well fet off for

"Oxford when I come home."

Henry was roused from his stupor by a letter from Geraldine, which I shall transcribe:

## "To HENRY POWERSCOURT, Elq.

"Your conduct, my noble cousin, during the trying incidents of this morning, superadds to the esteem and considence which I have ever felt for you, the indelible tie of ferwent gratitude. If I ever appear to forget your generous behaviour, add

" to the lift of those infamous women

" of antiquity whom you have often

" reprobated, the more infamous name

" of Geraldine Powerscourt, who basely

" neglected the difinterested friend who

" risked all his fairest hopes to alleviate

" her forrows.

" Be not grieved, my ever-respected

" Henry, at the apprehension of my

" father's anger. It must not, it shall

" not continue. His own excellent

" heart will not permit the disappoint-

" ment of a favourite plan to inspire

" lasting resentment against the worthy

" youth who is an honour to his name.

" Perhaps, under the present circum-

" stances, it will be better for you not

" to meet, at least till he can see you

46 without too keenly regretting that

" you cannot be his fon. I have heard

" you express a wish to visit Italy; does

" that wish continue, or has it been

- " fupplanted by some other defire? Say,
- " in what way can I prove that mine is
- " not a mere wordy gratitude; write to
- " me as foon as you get to Oxford, for
- " I can taste no true satisfaction unless
- " I hear that you are happy.
  - " GERALDINE POWERSCOURT."

I hope it will not be deemed an imputation on Mr. Powerscourt's fortitude, if I should affirm, that on reading this letter his eyes were observed to be suffused with tears. With a faltering voice he ordered his horses. He attempted to write a few lines, but his hand was too tremulous, and his thoughts too confused to perform the task. The destined heir of sir William Powerscourt, renouncing all those splendid prospects which had opened upon him, returned to the academic shades which, warm with the most sanguine hopes, he had left the week-

week before. He returned poor in every worldly possession, dejected, and dismayed; but rich in integrity, rich in the noble consciousness of approving virtue.

dent a veriety of Outside, to sear with indifference of his reprise in register. On the first his reprise that the coverage On the first had been research and the coverage with the research or a search of the research of the first had the contract of power and that the his interesting a displayable of power and that for his literature had been also that the his literature had been also that the his contract and the his contract and the his contract and the his contract and again per all the state of the his contract and again per all the his course them.

well before He retained poer in every

## CHAP. XI.

Here, before Heaven,
I ratify this my rich gift. O Ferdinand!
Do not smile at me that I boast her off;
For thou wilt find she will outstrip all praise,
And make it halt behind her.

SHAKESPEARE.

The earl of Monteith was too ardent a votary of Cupid, to hear with indifference of his rival's proceedings. On the first intelligence that Henry was arrived at Powerscourt, his lordship's valet received orders to examine and clean the locks of his silver-mounted pistols, and to have a sufficient quantity of powder and ball ready at the shortest notice. Alarmed for his lord's life, Beausoy instantly informed lord W. of this bloody preparation, who again prevailed upon his young friend to wait patiently

patiently for the effect of Miss Powerfcourt's evident predilection in his favour. did no inche

Meantime the "tall long-fided dame" whom Hudibras characterises as a " tattling goffip," having received fome hint of what was really intended at Powerfcourt-house, blazoned it with all her powers; and, knowing that the intelligence must be particularly interesting at W. park, she put her swiftest winged emissaries into motion. These, gentle reader, were not aërial fylphs, or "Iris gliding down her painted bow:" modern profe is severely restricted from the use of fuch ornamental machinery. I can only introduce a lame dowager of confummate prudence and known candour. who had her old horfes driven ten miles through the dirt to wonder with lady W. that any young lady could reject lord Monteith, and accept Henry Powerf-

Powerscourt, and to reprobate the extravagant demand of eight hundred a-year for pin money, on which the intended bride had positively insisted. Another of Fame's bufy messengers was a gentleman fox-hunter, a man of extreme caution and undoubted veracity, who affirmed at lord W.'s public dinner, that he had met two barrifters and a ferjeant at law riding post to fir William's that very day. On one of the company observing, that three lawyers consulting upon a settlement was rather unusual, squire Western affirmed with an oath, that one of his neighbours told him fir William would have it fo: "These lawyers," faid he, " are fad " quarrelfome fellows, and if two of " them should disagree, I will have the et third ready to be umpire; for the " wedding shall take place next week." Nobody new could doubt his testimony, the

the words was fo very like what fir William would fay.

When the gentlemen adjourned to the drawing-room, the bufy sprite I have before alluded to had taken possession of that goodly field, and instigated a lady, at the hazard of engroffing too much of the conversation, to enumerate all the bride's paraphernalia. One part of the company indeed affirmed, that they were told Miss Powerscourt secretly disapproved of the match; but three young ladies, influenced by the same supernatural agency, protested that they knew better. They were, they faid, her very intimate friends, and were entrusted by her with the fecret of her attachment to her cousin, which had subsisted from their earliest years. During these narratives, the countenance of Monteith varied from the crimfon glow of rage to the livid hue of jealoufy; and, as he

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was not sufficiently versed in the science of self-command to conceal his strong emotions, the ladies were all highly entertained with the idea that he really was very much in love still; forgetting, or perhaps having never read in the sable, that what is sport to one may be death to another.

that all those reports could not be true, and that the lady's word deserved confidence, that lord W. could prevail upon his noble guest to suspend the execution of his sanguinary designs. At this crisis the unexpected, the transporting intelligence arrived, that Henry was certainly gone in disgrace from Powerscourt; but neither the lame dowager, the cautious fox-hunter, the criticising lady, nor even the intimate friends of Geraldine, could tell why.

ad as bus ; yluolesi to oud bivil The

The state of affairs, both at the park and at fir William's, foon underwent a furprifing revolution. The lovely Geraldine, with steps once more light as the wood-nymph's, flew to communicate to her dear Lucy the intelligence which her fparkling eyes, and the fmiles that played around her fascinating face, had already anticipated. Lord Monteith had renewed his addresses in the most passionate but respectful terms; and Sir William, contrasting such strong attachment with Henry's cold refufal, had declared, that as his own plans were frustrated, he should have no longer any objection to his lordship, provided fome peculiar conditions were granted, with which Monteith joyfully complied. "Felicitate me, Lucy," added Miss Powerscourt, "upon the happy " change in my fituation. I fcorn the " mean affectation of keeping a ge-" nerous

"nerous heart in suspense. I have word to my father, that I regretted his rejection of lord Monteith. Nay," added she, leaning her blushing face on Miss Evans's shoulder, "I have con. fessed that my affections are irrevocationally sixed upon the most constant, the most generous of men."

I will trust that the active imaginations of my readers will delineate all the scenes of joyous congratulation, courtship, and preparation, which intervened between fir William's acceptance of lord Monteith's offers, and the nuptial solemnity; and will only premise, that, as the principal figures on the canvass were people of elevated rank and deeply in love, the execution must be masterly. An enamoured earl must certainly express his sentiments in more dignished periods than an enamoured viscount; and if this observation be extended through all the "privileged orders," my prudence in shrinking from
the hazardous attempt of recording the
lostier slights of heroic love is worthy
of some credit; particularly in these
times, when every novelist permits his
plain Williams and Richards to address
their mistresses in terms that would formerly have been allowed only to an
Archduke or a Count Palatine, except
indeed the hero were a professed Knighterrant, to whom the use of extravagant
hyperbole has belonged from time immemorial.

Let it then be supposed, that after the noble lover had many times repeated his injunctions to Phoebus to "gallop apace his fiery-footed steeds," and had chided creeping Time for not "speeding on the lagging hours," the auspicious morning at last arrived, and the lovely pair, attended by many of the neighbouring

pouring

valcade, composed of fir William's tenants, proceeded to the parish church, where Mr. Evans joined their hands, amid the acclamations of hundreds, whom the unrefined but liberal hospitality of the worthy baronet had affembled on this joyful occasion.

Though female delicacy would gladly have escaped the oppressive state of public celebration, yet Geraldine was determined not to oppose her father's known predilection for all those antiquated customs which were derived from the feudal barons, whom he gloried in imitating. Gratisted in the object of her choice, lady Monteith presided with unaffected sweetness and polished grace at those selfal entertainments by which fir William strove to disfuse on all around him the overslowing satisfaction of his own heart.

I shall

I shall here perhaps be asked, how his general diflike to lords and love-matches, his plans in favour of Henry, and his wishes to perpetuate his own name and family, could be fo foon forgotten. This last objection is answered by observing, that a clause in the marriage-settlement fecured the inheritance of fir William's fortune to the fecond fon of this marriage, who was expressly enjoined to receive the name of his maternal grandfather; or, in case of no second son, the eldest daughter was to convey the Powerfcourt honours to her husband. A disposition like fir William's, though prone to pursue a favourite speculation with eagerness, will not renounce every future good, because its primary wish has proved impracticable, but will fpeedily return to that harmonized tranquillity which best accords with its natural feelings. When the doating father

ther faw that lord Monteith beheld his Geraldine with nearly the same idolizing preference as he did himself, he forgot that he was a peer, and he almost became a convert to the opinion, that a love match was well enough now and then.

Beside the clause already mentioned, the deed of fettlement contained another of a very extraordinary nature. It was, that on lady Monteith's succeeding to her inheritance, two thousand pounds a year should be solely appropriated to her, that is to fay, not merely the income, but the absolute power of giving or bequeathing it to whomfoever fhe chose. Lord Monteith's lawyer stated this demand to be extremely adverse to the interests of his noble client, whose whole fortune was entailed upon the iffue of this marriage; and even fir William thought that his dear girl was a little

a little unaccountable, in asking for a power injurious to the interests of her own children. The lady, however, persisted in the request, which was indeed the only one she urged; and the matter being referred to lord Monteith, he, with lover-like complacency, insisted that all opposition on the part of his counsel should be immediately withdrawn.

It was also stipulated, that sir William should be gratisted with the company of his daughter and son-in-law for three months every year at Powerscourt. The good baronet, on proposing this condition, explained the motives to lord Monteith: "I do not doubt, my lord, but that as you will foon have a pretty large concern in these parts, you will be anxious to get acquainted with the neighbour-hood, and to know the characters of your

your dependants. I am now, my " lord, very old, and every thing must " foon be your's and Geraldine's. It " gives me pleasure to think that I shall "leave you a fet of upright worthy te-"nants; and I trust you will act a fa-" ther's part by them, as I and my ancestors always have done. I will in. " troduce them all to you before you " leave us. Poor fouls! they have been se used to have their landlords live " among them on free and fociable " terms, and it will grieve them not to fee the chimnies of Powerscourt " fmoke as they used to do. However, " I shall not expect that your lordship " can live here more than four months " in the year when it comes to be your " own; I know you have a feat in Par-" liament, and when very particular business is going on, you must cerstainly be in London; for the affairs of " the 21FUY 13

"the nation are of more consequence than the interests of fifty or fixty

" country yeomen. You have a very

" fine castle too of your own near Loch

" Lomond, falling quite to decay, I

" hear, your ancestors having neglected

" it for feveral years. That is a fad pity,

" I think: doubtless, my lord, you will

" wish to go down there and fit it up

" again. Geraldine will be very happy

" to affift you in beautifying it, and making it a comfortable residence."

It will not be very furprifing that fome local reflections should induce fir William to lay a particular stress on the word comfortable. Lord Monteith, starting from a reverie, exclaimed, "O, un-" doubtedly!" Sir William, who discovered that he had been totally absent during his whole harangue, perceiving the object which had fixed his attention, smiled,

fmiled, and forgave him. Nor will my readers be inexorable, when I tell them that the object was the beautiful Geraldine, who, with her "loofe hair floating in the wind," unconscious that she attracted any observation, swept the fost strings of her harp in a neighbouring alcove, and chaunted, with her melodious voice, the following air:

Come, Cupid, with ambrofial flowers,
Rear'd in thy own Idalian bowers,
My nuptial wreath adorn;
Here let the purple am'ranth bloom,
Mix'd with the lily's chafte perfume,
And rose without a thorn.

O! hafte, each claffic fymbol choose,
The laurel facred to the Muse
Of elegance and taste;
With these thy Mother's myrtle bind,
Best emblem of a placid mind,
With gifts perennial grac'd!

I do not ask thy frolic hand
To weave the perishable band
That fades on fashion's brow;
My constant soul a tie requires,
Firm as the virtue which inspires
And dignifies my vow.

Give me the mild persuasive art,
Which holds the captivated heart
In unregretted toils;
Shed thy own lustre o'er my face,
When beauty mourns each ravish'd grace,
And youth no longer smiles.

Perplexing doubts my bosom tear;
Oh! let me fan with vestal care
The Hymeneal fire;
Guard it from passion's wild extreme,
And bid its salutary beam
With life alone expire \*!

Having

<sup>\*</sup> Mrs. Prudentia is very forry that she has not absolutely conformed to the opinion of the Reviewers, who bestowed such liberal praise upon her prose, by entirely banishing the vagrant Muse. She has a most unlucky knack of "hitching into rhyme;"

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Having now gradually led my readers to that point where I at first rather abruptly introduced them, I shall endeavour to proceed strait forward during the remainder of my narrative.

rhyme;" and when the bantlings are produced, the had rather that they fluck on the top shelf of a book-cafe, than that they should be immediately committed to the flames. With regard to their advice of publishing her poetical productions feparately, she can only answer, that she has repeatedly made the unfortunate experiment. Her bookfellers all agree in one fentiment, "Poetry will not go off."

"Mrs. Prodering it was fury that the has not all sell in coloing set of housed as directly come wilsty level from the other present or profe, as evened the distance the angles of their com printed to be Joseph wheeler floorer and add

mane while the place to be to be I tange unique de W

## CHAP. XII.

As humorous as Winter, and as sudden As flaws congealed in the spring of day. His temper, therefore, must be well observed. Chide him for faults, but do it reverently.

SHAKESPEARE,

LORD MONTEITH was one of those common characters which the world every day produces, and which a very little penetration will easily unravel-His abilities were not conspicuous, and his application to the improvement of them had been as great as a rich heir, early become his own master, usually bestows. He possessed a great deal of good temper, and that open-hearted easy generosity which always succeeds in securing general good opinion. His passions were naturally very strong; and, never having been taught the necessity

by continual gratification, till they somewhat resembled the impetuous torrent. Nature intended him to be humane and beneficent; but a neglect of discipline and constant indulgence had introduced an indolent selfishness. Yet still, if a good deed required no great exertion, or if an object in distress luckily presented itself at a moment when he was disengaged from any favourite pursuit, he would not only shew a noble liberality, but also enjoyed a noble pleasure from the benevolent deed.

A character like lord Monteith's rather fitted its possessor to follow others, than to be a leader. Unhappily for him, his birth and fortune obtruded him into notice, and placed him in fituations to which his natural talents were unequal. The splendor of his rank and his reputed munificence surrounded him

form

him with parafites; and the impetuofity of his temper prevented him from having any directing friend. Lord W., at whose house he lately resided, was a man of the world, very folicitous that his noble guest should form a proper matrimonial connection; but extending the idea of propriety no farther than to the fortune, the family, or perhaps the personal graces of the lady; and though the young earl, during his paroxysms of love, added to these allurements every angelic quality, he did not accurately define what those angelic qualities really were. Such was the man whom the purblind god, in one of his capricious moments, felected to be the husband of the beautiful, animated, intelligent Geraldine Powerfcourt; whose feelings, exquisitely fusceptible, had been accustomed to the regular tenor of gentle manners, uniform confistent goodness, and every fond indulgence and mild endearment that parental tenderness could bestow.

The fentiments with which the young couple approached the altar of Hymen were as diffimilar as their characters. The bridegroom thought no further of the awful ceremony, than as it was the means of putting him in possession of an elegant and beautiful woman, upon whose account he had felt a great deal of uneafiness. He supposed that this event would of course greatly increase his stock of happiness; but as to any abridgment of his former pleasures, or any ferious duties imposed by the character of a husband, he had not the least idea of fuch disagreeable restrictions. He was, indeed, firmly of opinion, that inclination would in future strongly attach him to home, and that he should find the fociety of his beloved "a perform. petual

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petual fountain of domestic fweets;" but should that expectation be disappointed, (and some of his married friends had complained that they had been taken-in on a fimilar occasion,) would any body pretend to fay that he had no right to make himself as comfortable as was in his power? He had already a fine house, elegant carriages, and a numerous retinue; he was very feldom at home, to be fure, but he believed that the housekeeper and the steward wen, on very well; and should he (which was scarcely possible) find no more attractions in his own fire-fide when graced by the presence of a charming wife, he faw nothing in the marriage ceremony which forbade his making himself happy elfewhere. and sand fine a sail water

The more correct principles and refined imagination of lady Monteith taught her to confider the man whom

fhe vowed to love, honour, and obev, as the partner of all her joys and forrows, the lord of her destiny, the guardian of her character, and the guide of her conduct. Conscious that death alone could diffolve the folemn bond into which she had just entered, her most anxious wishes were pointed to one end, that of being for ever amiable in her husband's eyes. She determined to study his disposition with the most affiduous care, to comply with his peculiarities, and by imperceptible, because gentle, means, gradually to inspire that delicacy of taste and sentiment which even her partial judgment discovered to be wanting in his character. Had her observations been more profound, shade after shade must have appeared; yet, perhaps, had the even feen the whole portrait in its true colours, her strong predilection, and the fanguine hopes which

which inexperienced youth (and I must add youthful vanity too) had tempted her to form of being able to make a complete revolution in his character, would have encouraged her to attempt the hazardous experiment. She never reflected, that the tender indulgence to which she had been accustomed must render the perpetual renunciation of her own desires a painful task; nor was her experience sufficient to teach her, that the resinements which she meant to introduce, like delicate exotics, could only flourish in a congenial soil.

The first instance that the bridegroom gave of that habitual self-indulgence, and disregard to the wishes of others, which might be said to be the predominant seature in his mind, was an impatience to leave Powerscourt long before fir William had finished half his plans of sestal glee. His lordship had, with visible

fible ennui, endured the tediousness of a public day, and given fuch halfcivil answers to the exclamation of "I heartily wish you joy, my lord!" which burst upon him from every quarter, as to excite a doubt in the congratulators, whether he really was or was not glad that he was married. At dinner, he was only amused by observing the indiscriminating appetites of country gentlemen; and when the cloth was removed, as he found himself the object of general attention, he determined to give no vexatious preference; and therefore confining all confideration to his own reveries, he continued drawing lines upon the table with the madeira or claret, and proceeded no further in the way of discourse than by a hum or a fmile. While his righthand neighbour was describing the best method of improving land, his left ex-21637 plained

plained the advantages of inland navigation, and the gentleman opposite addreffed to him a long narrative explanatory of the difficulties attending a lawfuit which had been awarded to him at the last Caernaryon assizes. Their manner was verbose, and they talked all together: his lordship, therefore, concluded that they faid nothing worthy of attention, and that the chagrin he felt arose from the want of superior society.

He seized the first opportunity of withdrawing from the company to the countefs's dreffing-room, and on entering flung himself upon a sofa, with so loud a yawn as to alarm her ladyship and Miss Evans with serious apprehenfions that he was taken ill. " Are not " you well ?" exclaimed the former with tender anxiety. "It is impossible to " be well among fuch boors," returned his lordship. "I have been talk'd-at leint.

all the afternoon, and cannot for my

so foul remember one fingle sentence

et that has been uttered. I am deter-

mined to go to London the first op-

portunity: living here three months

would be the death of me. I protest,

my charming Geraldine, that you put

me in mind of a role growing in the

" middle of a wilderness,"

Lady Monteith could scarcely enjoy a compliment which conveyed such strong contempt for what she had ever been accustomed to view with affectionate regard. She smothered a sigh, and assumed a faint smile. But the smile and the sigh were alike disregarded. Her lord's attention was now engrossed by a savourite spaniel; with that he amused himself for a sew moments, and then dropped asseep upon the sofa.

Another incident a few days after this displayed his humour in a still stronger light.

light. Sir Ralph and lady Morgan fent an invitation in form, requesting the honour of the bride and bridegroom's company at their feat to a dinner and a ball given in honour of their nuptials. The invitation was written on an elegant card, decorated by her ladyship's own pencil with Lilliputian Cupids lighting their tiny torches. Twenty years ago the Morgans were people in high life, and even the gallant Monteith would not then have blushed to have appeared at her ladyship's parties; but twenty years are sufficient to annihilate mighty empires, and must unquestionably cause great revolutions in a private family. Just before his affairs were irretrievable, fir Ralph discovered, that to be one of the very first people is a preliminary step to becoming nobody; and his lady reflected on the danger of coquetry and diffipation before the last falle K 6

false step had irretrievably ruined her character. They had sufficient good fense to resolve on mutual amendment; plans of retirement and economy were immediately adopted, and regular perfeverance in these falutary measures had enabled them to resume their old family fplendor a little before lady Monteith's marriage. Certainly at this period nobody knew the Morgans; and her ladythip's knowledge of the fashionable world was so antédated, that the very card she intended should announce her indifputable claim to superior elegance, convinced lord Monteith that the must be a mere fal lal, and that the vifit would prove a bore: as a natural confequence, he determined not to go.

On the day appointed, the countefs, attired in all her bridal splendor, in compliment to her father's old friend, waited for her lord's approach to lead her to

her

her chariot. Her lord appeared in his morning dishabille, and in a half-whisper announced his refolution not to go. " I hate state visits," said he, " and I " never could endure country balls in all " my life."-" But this," returned the countess, raising her pleading eyes, "is ab-" folutely given in compliment to us."-"Never mind, never mind," continued his lordship, hurrying her to the carriage, and at the fame time holding a handkerchief to his mouth? " You can make " an apology. You fee I have got a " terrible tooth-ach; upon my foul, I " would not go for a thousand pounds. " Come, your father waits; you will " be too late." At these words he lifted her into the chaife, and then, with the voice of one in extreme pain, exclaimed, " Best compliments-forry I " can't do myfelf the honour-make proportienton dedonders mon to hafte,

"haste, my love; if you are too late, I fhall be miserable."

Lady Monteith had now, for the first time in her life, the painful talk of apologizing for what she conceived to be a moral impropriety in the conduct of a person whom she tenderly loved. Unused to disguise, she faltered in her excuses, which, indeed, seemed rather to make the affair worse than to improve it. She found every thing at the Morgans in flate array; the entertainment was conducted with great decorum; and nothing but the lamented absence of lord Monteith seemed to render deficient the éclat of the scene. To compensate for the bridegroom's rudeness, the bride thought it her duty to exert herfelf with greater affiduity; but her attentions were ungraceful, her wit forced, and her laughter artificial. After having endured a most irksome evening.

evening, she returned home, and found that the noble invalid had completely banished his tooth ach and his chagrin, by witnessing the amusements of an assrace.

Lady Monteith liftened with feeming interest to the ludicrous accidents to which ruftic competition had given rife. and then ventured upon a gentle expostulation on his absenting himself from a scene which must have afforded him superior pleasure. Her description of the entertainment and the company made his lordship a convert to her opinion, and, unfolicited, he fet off the next morning to the Morgans, to make a personal apology for his absence. He found them fo unexpectedly agreeable; that on a flight invitation he spent the day with them, and returned home, not ashamed of his own caprice, but vexed that he had milled the pleasantest party क्रवंशी that

Caernarvonshire. Not that he was any way to blame; his earliest recollection did not furnish him with one instance of his having acted wrong; the fault lay entirely in the unlucky Cupids and the painted card.

The feafon of the year of which I am now treating was May, a period when the country holds out its pleasures only to the studious, the industrious, and the contented. It is of all times the most infipid to the fportfman, who, being deprived of all chance of breaking his neck or blowing out his brains, is obliged to hurry up to town to avoid the puerility of gathering primrofes, and liftening to the cawing of rooks. Lord Monteith had already found his nuptial felicity less perfect than his expectations had conceived; but this, for the reafons I have above stated, could not be from

from any error in his own behaviour, or any impropriety in his own judgment: nor did it proceed from the imperfections of his adorable Geraldine, who proved to be the angelic creature he had before fupposed her: it was all owing to the odious country, to fir William's odd ways, and to the twaddling people whom he fuffered to vifit him. In London, he fhould undoubtedly enjoy the expected paradife; there his lovely girl must attract universal admiration; he should breathe another air, enjoy a different fociety, receive the congratulations of all his own friends; in short, he must fet off for town immediately.

When, with many polite expressions of regret for being obliged to shorten his visit at Powerscourt, lord Monteith first acquainted fir William with the necessity of his going up to town, the latter discovered great surprise that he should choose

choose

choose to go to that disagreeable place just when parliament was so near breaking up, and that there was no more national business of importance to settle. "This," faid he, " feems to be the very time that you should take a " trip to Scotland, to examine the plans " of your architects, to let them to work, and to get the foil smooth and " ready to plant next autumn. I am " afraid, my lord, you are not naturally fond of a country life; but it is " only because you have never been " used to it. Get acquainted with your " neighbours; confider the interest " which you have in the scenes around so you; remember how much good you may do in a spot where you reign si like a little king, compared to what " you can do in London, and you will foon be as fond of Monteith as I am. of Powerfcourt."

The manner in which fir William uttered these expressions was too much marked by dignished benevolence to admit of ridicule; and the unfortunate lord would have been compelled to give up his London journey from the mere want of arguments to defend its expediency, had not accident favoured him with a convenient reason for putting his designs in execution, which even fir William allowed to be indisputable.

easile assired as the most forthrous weeds of reach seating to the death of its girms of the smaller, fir Simons Frazer, who, after having existed for feveral years in ashate of complete inamity, expired as the patracellal age of mostly mo, to the she patracellal age of mostly mo, to the fat lady isladeling was too much absorbed in woe patricly to take an active patricly to the facility, the disputence to the specific by half-effacting disputence to the specific by the s

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## CHAP. XIII.

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e manner to which the vertical

So mourn'd the dame of Ephefus her love.

SHAKESPEARE.

On the marriage of lord Monteith, an express was dispatched to Kinloch castle, to inform lady Arabella Macdonald and lady Madelina Frazer of the joyful event. The messenger on his arrival found the castle attired in the most sombrous weeds of woe, owing to the death of its oftensible master, sir Simon Frazer, who, after having existed for several years in a state of complete inanity, expired at the patriarchal age of ninety-two, to the great grief of his inconsolable consort.

As lady Madelina was too much abforbed in woe publicly to take an active part in the concerns of the family, the dispatches were opened by lady Arabella,

who

who acted as miftress during the seclufion of her aunt. She read her brother's account of his marriage to the most excellent and beautiful of women, and, after casting a side glance at the chimney-glass which reflected her own figure. she proceeded to open a letter from her new fifter, which expressed a hope that the endearing tie of friendship would foon be added to that of kindred; but what appeared to the reader to be the most fignificant part of the epistle was that where lady Monteith added a preffing invitation to their house in London, and an affurance that she should rejoice in the opportunity of exerting all her abilities to promote the happiness of any of her lord's friends.

The general etiquette of Kinloch castle had established a rule of decorum which extended to the most trivial occurrences. Every motion was to be grave

grave and confequential; and a run could only be justified by one wing of the house being on fire, or by the appearance of an enemy on the coaft. So strict were these injunctions, that lady Madelina herself could not dispense with them even upon the affecting incident of fir Simon's death; for, on being informed, that if she wished to see him alive the must come immediately, she rose with her usual majesty, and, throwing her train into its proper graceful folds, moved with flow and stately steps to the door of the apartment, where she found, to her deep regret, that she was come too late; a circumstance the more to be lamented, as he went off in a fit, and had nobody with him but his old valet, who was lame with the rheumatism. These observations will more clearly point out the gross impropriety of lady Arabella's conduct, who with a joyful WETT ! .15

joyful exclamation of "O! my brother "is married, and I will go to Lon-"don," fet off full speed to her aunt's apartment.

The forrows of that lady, though of too deep a cast to admit more than one narrow stripe of daylight, were not so wholly fublime, as not to require now and then a few adventitious supports. The room in which fir Simon lay in state was contiguous to her own. She vifited it every day, and was most feduloufly exact in having the emblazonment completed in the highest style of heraldry. In a remote country, where few events occur to excite the attention of the curious, a feudal laird lying in state in his own castle was an agreeable novelty; and as the relict was not averse to the exhibition, fir Simon became a much more interesting object after he was dead, than ever he had been when alive.

alive. All who faw, by repeating what they had feen, excited the attention of others. Mutes were standing all the way up the stairs; all the state apartments were hung with black tapers as big as men; plumes of feathers as large as those of Otranto, and escutcheons and atchievements, were placed at every corner. Several of the lady-vifitants, after having feen all these astonishing things, pleaded the rights of friendship, and entreated that their strong defire of combating lady Madelina's extreme grief might wave the rules of etiquette, and, after a little reluctance, they were admitted into her apartment. She generally fainted upon receiving company, though fometimes, if the found herself exhausted, she only exhibited a flood of tears, and called upon the dear shade of her lamented lord. They generally reasoned her into a state of calmness and

and refignation; and fometimes, if the visitants were Frazers and only the wives or daughters of younger brothers, they sat down to a consolatory pool at quadrille. But even here her ladyship's sentimental tenderness was visible; for she could only be brought to play at that game from a recollection "that poor dear sir Simon, when he was quite himself, was remarkably partial to holding a lone-hand."

Madelina was engaged with such a party, that lady Arabella, forgetting her uncle's death and her aunt's melancholy, rushed into the room, health on her cheek, joy in her eye, and the Monteith packet in her hand, calling out rather too loudly, "My brother is married to a "Miss Powerscourt, and has asked me "to come to London." The affecting word marriage slung poor lady Maryot. 1.

delina into hysterics, to which indeed the fudden entrance and loud exclamation had previously contributed. On her recovery another fource of anxiety was started. Who were the Powerfcourts? What alliances had they formed? Had any body ever heard of the family before? Luckily, a very skilful genealogist was present, whose information entirely obviated all anxiety upon the score of degradation; and her ladyship became tolerably composed. It was now declared to be the universal opinion, that she had indulged her melancholy quite long enough; that nothing was for good for bad fpirits as a journey; and that it would be quite kind and condescending in her to pay a visit to the young couple. Her ladythip for some time strongly refisted the proposal; protested that her intentions were foon to follow fir Simon, whose ghost

ghost fhe was fure still waited for her, and to die upon the very fpot which contained his facred remains. It feemed to be doubtful to the lady-comforters. whether fir Simon had not had enough of his lady's company, for they denied the fact about the ghost; and at last convinced her, that it was exceedingly wicked in a person of her age to talk of dying. After much diffuse argument, it was agreed that the interment should take place a fortnight fooner than was intended; and that when the escutcheons and atchievements had been properly arranged, lady Madelina and her niece should prepare for their London journev. The latter closed the conversation by observing, that these were the only agreeable founds the had heard fince her arrival in Scotland

While lady Arabella speeded the joyous preparation, and indulged all the L 2

inopus

hopes of future pleasures and triumphs which youthful confidence, aided by her early recollection, could fupply, lady Monteith took leave of Powerscourt with far different fentiments. The one, averting her eyes from the detefted walls of Kinloch with an ardent wish never more to behold what she called a bury. ing-place for the living, could only be interested by subjects remotely connected with dear, dear London: the latter visited every spot which the amusements of her youth had endeared, and took leave of every acquaintance, domestic, and friend, with the fost regret of remembered kindness. Next to those fentiments which her ever-revered and beloved father excited, her separation from the Evans's called forth the most lively emotions. It was at first her intention to have requested that Lucy might accompany her to town; but, had

not the proposed visit of her lord's relations induced her to postpone that defire till she could have been fully at liberty to enjoy the unrestrained pleafure of her fociety, the indisposition of Mrs. Evans would have frustrated the scheme. That excellent woman was now confined to her chamber by the increase of a diforder under which she had laboured for many years; and though her fituation by no means excluded hope, her tender domestic daughter could feldom fleal an hour from the pleasingly painful task of attending her. to breathe her fond wishes and fonder adieus to that dearest friend from whom the was now for the first time in her life going to be separated.

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## CHAP. XIV.

Lighter than air, Hope's fummer-visions die,
If but a fleeting cloud obscure the sky;
If but a beam of sober Reason play,
Lo, Fancy's fairy frost-work melts away!
But can the wiles of art, the grasp of power,
Snatch the rich relics of a well-spent hour?
PLEASURES OF MEMORY.

THE young countels, waving every form of state which might have proved inconvenient in a sick family, walked down to the parsonage, to bid farewell to her maternal friend, as she constantly styled the respectable sufferer. She came just at the time when Mrs. Evans was going to rise, and, claiming admittance with the privilege of long-established intimacy, employed herself in airing the good lady's shawl; while Lucy was busily engaged in assisting her mother

to dress, and in fixing her easy chair in a proper fituation. Mrs. Evans looked at her noble guest with a tender smile. " I perceive, my dearest lady Monteith," faid she, "that there is no alteration in " your character. Your goodness and " amiable vivacity has fuffered no di-" minution from the referve of rank " or the etiquette of dignity; and fee " the effect it has upon us. We can " confider you in no other light than " that of our old friend. I admit you " to a fick chamber, and treat you with " a little groaning, while Lucy finds 44 you some employment, as if you " were still the playful Geraldine whom " I had used alternately to correct and " idolize. Do you remember dreffing " my cat in a blue jacket and trowfers, " teaching it to walk upright, and pro-" tefting that it was the very image of " your cousin Henry; and afterwards, " when L4

morine as

" when you faw him crying at the com-

" parison, giving him the new gold

" watch your father had just bought

" you, by way of confolation?"

"I have many unatoned fins to an-" fwer for to Henry Powerscourt," faid lady Monteith gravely, "worse than se tearing his best Virgil to paper my " baby-house, or causing the destruction " of his plaister of Paris busts by dref-" fing them in high crowned hats and " hooped petticoats to frighten the " house-maids. I have blasted his fairest " prospects; but I have not forgot that " I owe him an indelible debt of grati-" tude. I have just received from him "an affecting congratulation. He " writes in a dispirited style, and com-" plains of a low fever; but his wishes " for my happiness are breathed in such " a strong and affectionate manner, st that while I read his letter I felt-I

" know

" know not what I felt, unless it were

" a wish that I had the power of making

" him as happy as he deferves."

During lady Monteith's speech Miss Evans was employed in mixing her mother's medicine. Her hands appeared to tremble, she dropped the cup, and, while apologizing for her awkwardness, burst into tears. "Your close confinement makes you nervous, my tove," said Mrs. Evans. "Go into the gareden, and water your little nurshings; your friend will chat with me while you are gone; and I felt so easy this morning, that I intended to omit the draught."

Lucy instantly obeyed. Her mother's eyes followed her to the door; they were then lifted to Heaven, as if enforcing a silent ejaculation, and finally settled upon lady Monteith with a look of supplicating earnestness.

Silence enfued for a few moments, which Mrs. Evans hesitatingly interrupted: "Till you are a mother, my " dear madam, (faid she,) you cannot " know the full force of a mother's " fears. Mine, perhaps, are exagge-" rated by my present weakness. " strikes me, that my dear girl's de-" jection is even greater than my ines disposition, or your leaving us, could " justify. While I have any hopes of recovery, I conceive myfelf obliged to " avoid awakening her strong apprehen-" fions upon my account; and I believe " fhe is not aware that my prefent iller ness is attended with symptoms of a " more ferious nature than appeared in any former attack. If my constitu-" tion should prove weaker than my " difeafe," continued she, with a still more faltering voice, " I shall leave " her to the protection of one of the " best

best of fathers; but men cannot so well penetrate into the semale heart, they cannot treat our little peculiarities so delicately as one of our own fex. It would lighten my mind of many cares could I discover whether my child has any secret unhappiness; even if it should prove such as I could not remove, I could at least, wiping the tear that would no longer be suppressed, give her a mother's last legacy of advice and consolation."

Lady Monteith understood this appeal, and prevented further inquiry by immediately replying, "You think, per"haps, that my dearest Lucy may have entrusted me with some secrets which she has not revealed to you; but I do formed any wish or attachment with which you are unacquainted, her de"licacy would ever prevent her from L 6 "giving

" giving me the confidence which she

" denied to her justly venerated mother.

" It is only from fuch incidents as have

" just occurred, that I have gained a

" transitory insight respecting what passes

" in her mind; and perhaps my late ex-

" perience may have made me an accu-

" rate observer." -

"Do you mean her behaviour on dropping my medicine?" inquired Mrs. Evans: "I faw nothing in that, except that she was dispirited and agitated."

"You forget then," observed the countess, "that Henry Powerscourt was "the subject of our conversation."

A thousand circumstances crowded at this instant into Mrs. Evans's mind, which confirmed the sagacity of her ladyship's inference; but though the acknowledged merit of the object lessened the pain of the discovery, the tender mother mother could not, without apprehensive terror, be convinced, that love had "paled the roses on her daughter's cheek."

"I know of no one," faid she, "to whom I could with greater confidence entrust my darling's happiness; yet fo many cross accidents occur to blast our fairest schemes, that I own I wish her heart had proved less suf- ceptible. I do, however, hope that she is not a volunteer in her affections. You can, my dear lady Monteith, pardon my solicitude; but can you tell me whether Henry entertains re- ciprocal fentiments?"

Her ladyship appeared embarrassed by this inquiry. "I think," said she, "at present—I mean—I can hardly "explain myself—Henry is too much attached to his studies and retirement; but I hope his chagrin—"I mean

" I mean his habits of feclusion, will

" wear off. His fituation has been

" very peculiar. It has hardly given

" fair play to his affections. I trust he

" will very foon be made independent;

". I know he possesses great sensibility,

" and I am persuaded that when his

" circumstances are perfectly easy, when

" he feels that he is his own master, if

" opportunities for frequent interviews

" should occur, our Lucy's mild excel-

" lencies must strike him in the most

" forcible manner. I know her gene-

" ral character has attracted his warm

" approbation."

Another tear stole from Mrs. Evans's eyes. "I see," said she, "my poor girl has woven a net which will fa. "tally entangle her peace of mind during the happiest hours of youth."

"No," faid lady Monteith, with energy; "if my friendship can break this

66 will

" this fatal web, my Lucy shall never " be unhappy. Nothing in my power " shall be omitted to forward the union " of two hearts that feem formed in the " fame mould. But if Henry, contrary " to my expectations, should never " show that partiality for my sweet " friend which her excellence deferves. " even Henry is not worthy of her, " and I will affift her naturally strong " fense and refined delicacy in conquer-" ing an ill-placed attachment. I will " keep her fecret with religious care: "I will feize the first opportunity to " have the dear girl with me; I will " endeavour to fathom Henry's heart, " and, without oftentatious eagerness, " will fet her merits as strongly in his " view as propriety and decorum will " admit. If all should fail of the de-" fired effect, she never shall be left to " muse over her griefs in solitude. I

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" will amuse and console her, nor shall

" fhe ever feel a forrow which it is in

" my power to remove."

Mrs. Evans thanked the countels for these generous intentions, yet fighed at the fear of their being impracticable. The return of her daughter necessarily gave a check to the conversation, which now turned to the subject of lady Monteith's expected vifitants. Her lord had pointed out to her the fingularities of lady Madelina's character; but his only observation on his fifter was, that she was the prettiest creature he had ever feen, and that she fluttered up and down the castle like a bird in a cage. " I expect," faid Geraldine, "that I " shall be much captivated by the fair " reclufe, whose behaviour at returning " into the world after a long estrange-" ment must be exceedingly interesting es and natural. My lord has her pic-

" ture.

" ture. It exhibits loveliness personi-

" fied; but it was drawn previous to

" her leaving England; the character of

" the girl therefore is most predominant.

" I should name it untaught nature."

"And what traits," inquired Mrs. Evans, "do you suppose have been added by her residence in the wilds of Scotland?"

"O, an infinitude!" replied the animated Geraldine, anxious to divert Lucy's dejection, which the morning exercise had not quite removed. "As "Lady Madelina was uncommonly se-" vere, her pupil must be the essence of complying sweetness. As she was "illiberal, proud, and reserved,—gentle "Candour, yielding humility, and frank generosity, must mark the mind of a "young woman who has had so many opportunities of observing the oppo-

" fite odious faults."

"Do young women always observe faults, and shun those they discover?" demanded Mrs. Evans.

" No-only a gifted few, and prin-" cipally my Lucy and myfelf. I fee, " my dear Mrs. Evans, you are going, as usual, to censure my propensity or for determining characters from a mere " outline, and condemning or admiring " in the gross. I have often laboured " hard to convince you, that this fa-" culty is one of the peculiar gifts of er nature, and that though you must " judge from experience and confideraet tion, I may draw as clear inferences " from an intuitive art of gueffing. " Ah! I fee you still shake your head " increduloufly; but Lucy shall be my " evidence. Do not I find our people wonderfully foon, Lucy? Am not I completely mistress of their characters es and propenfities before you can have

" adjusted

" adjusted the propriety of their head-

Lucy with a smile acknowledged her friend's superior quickness; but added,

"You forget one little circumstance.

" It has frequently cost you the trouble

" of a walk to the parsonage to say,
" O Lucy! I was quite wrong in my

" opinion of Mr. or Mrs. Such-a-one.

" I hope you have not mentioned what

" I thought of them."

"You are the severest fatirist that I

" know," faid her ladyship; "but upon

" this occasion I am fure I shall never

" plead guilty. You and Arabella shall

" meet; and if you once pronounce

" me right, your dear mother will be

" easily led to think me in future in-

" fallible. But," continued she, glancing her eye upon her watch, with a painful consciousness that the moment of separation was near, " I have a fa-

" vour

" vour to ask. I know that you and Mr.

" Evans object to the introducing this

" dear girl to scenes above her fortune;

'I know too that you are tenacious of

" her valuable fociety; yet remember

our early endearments, and spare her

" to me as foon as the engagements into

" which I am now thrown will permit

" me to claim her." Mrs. Evans, with

a dejected look, answered that her fa-

ther should decide.

Lady Monteith felt the fignificance of this answer, and expressed her sense of it by dropping a tear upon Mrs. Evans's hand, which she at that moment pressed to her lips. "Dear, amiable, second daughter," said the good woman, my anxious wishes, my fondest affec. "tions, sollow you into that thorny and intricate path which you are now going to tread. I understand enough of the great world to know that a "cha-

character like yours must attract obfervation, illiberality, and envy. Your
desire to please will be called vanity;
your sprightliness, levity; your fine
accomplishments, an invidious affectation of superiority. Through this
dangerous trial, remember, innocence
alone will not support you, and sensibility will betray you. Keep in
mind my oft-repeated maxims, that
no human character can be perfect, and that it is dangerous to our
peace to contemplate with too steady
an eye the failings of those with whom

" I will remember all you fay to me, 
" and all I have faid to you," refumed the amiable bride. " I will frankly 
" own, that my inexperienced heart 
" flutters at the idea of the pleasures 
" and the distinctions which await me. 
" I shall have many trials, perhaps many 
" ene-

" we are intimately connected."

" enemies; but where shall I find friends

" to whom I may fo fafely disclose all

" my heart, as I do to my dear Mrs.

" Evans and to my Lucy?"

" Make your husband your friend;

" endeavour to gain his confidence,

" and beware of forming dangerous in-

" timacies, unfanctioned by experience,

" which may tend to leffen your at-

es tachment to him. Strive to exalt the

of preference your charms have excited

" into firm efteem; and if you should

" not at first succeed, or not so com-

" pletely as you wish, do not fink into

" dejection. Remember, time will over-

" come every difficulty, and patience

" will foften every forrow."

Miss Evans, who had left the room during the preceding speech, now hastily re-entered. " I have brought you," faid the, "my ever dear Geraldine, one other " little keep-fake." Lady Monteith, -3113

opening the paper, found a purse, which she remembered her friend had been anxious to finish with the most perfect neatness.

"I cannot take it," replied the countels; "I know that when you "netted it, you faid you meant it for

" Henry Powerscourt."

" He wants none of my purses; you " shall have it, for you will value it

to the manor; but as the li". flom ?

"But if you have promised it my love," observed Mrs. Evans.

" No-he never knew my intention,

" and never shall."

"He is infinitely more careful of his "valuables than I am," refumed the countefs, mingling a smile with her tears;

"You have given me fo many nice things already, and I am fuch a ran-

" dom creature—if I should lose it"-

finds maleb blot off " Though

happy, I am certain you would not lose my present without sincere pain. You will never forget me, Geraldine; you will often write to me; and if I flould not be punctual in my replies, you will never call it neglect. The friends wept a moment in each other's arms; lady Monteith's eyes asked her Lucy to accompany her part of the way to the manor; but as the latter made no offer of that kind, she forbore to name her request. Once more she repeated her assurances of inviolable regard, and they parted.

I have gratified my own tafte by entering into a diffuse description of this interview. Perhaps it was in no way more extraordinary than common life often affords. They who, disdaining the soften touches of the mental pencil, only renjoy the bold design which sketches

sketches the wildest storm of the pasfions, where the fun of reason never beams, and where discretion never controls the raging elements, will pass over the uninteresting page that describes attachment without caprice, dejection struggling with a sense of propriety, and fimplicity affecting a difguife which it cannot support. Such readers will not join in the reflections of lady Monteith, who, reviewing, during her folitary walk home, her friend's behaviour, and rightly ascribing her unwillingness to accompany her to a fear of being led to discuss a subject to which she was unequal, exclaimed, " Dear, artless, amiable girl! Where " shall I find another Lucy?"

Early the next morning the Monteiths fet off for London. At parting with his daughter, fir William discovered the deep yet firm regret of disinvol. 1. M terested " very much, my dear love," faid he; but it is for your good, fo I shall not complain. I must look for amusement to your letters now, instead of your pretty prattle. Don't be cast down, child; for I shall not be dull if you are happy." The tender Geraldine could only answer with her tears.

At this instant Mr. Evans, who had been from home the preceding morning, interrupted the family party by his characteristic adieus. "I trust, my dear lady, you are going to make many hearts happy; you will leave many aching ones behind you here." Then turning to lord Monteith, whose bosom glowed with sentiments which Nature meant he should have been better acquainted with, "Providence," said the good man with patriarchal simplicity, has

" rich jewel. Wear it at your heart."

" That I will," replied the young earl, flaking him cordially by the hand; s and for the share you had in giving "it to me, remember, when I am " prime minister, you shall be arch-" bishop of Canterbury." A sudden. glow of pleasure brightened the general dejection. Sir William, enjoying the tribute to his daughter's worth, thus haftily extorted from her lord, more than he would have done a studied compliment, tenderly preffed his fon-in-law's hand, and led his drooping daughter to the chariot. The carriages drove off. London, and its round of plea. fures, foon regained possession of his lordship's mind, unaccustomed to the finer emotions; while his lady's eyes oft turned to take another view of Powerscourt. " Farewell," said she to herfelf, " ye dear scenes of my youth-

" ful pleasures. Farewell to the home " and the protection of the best of fa-" thers! I enter upon an untried, and, " if I may truft to the experience of others, a perplexing world. Will "the husband of my choice, the future " mafter of my deftiny, treat me with " fuch uniform tendernels as my inse dulgent parent did? Will he guide my inexperienced steps, like my dear " Mrs. Evans? or, may I unbosom to shim my inmost foul, as I did to my " fympathifing Lucy? Ah! could I of but be fure that I shall return in a " few months fatisfied with my own " lot, find my dear father unchanged " in health and fpirits, Mrs. Evans well, and my Lucy happy !" A tear obscured her radiant eyes, when my lord roused her from her reverie, by telling her the number of miles they were from London of a truos to wolf

herfelf, " ye dear feenes of my youth.

na, my boulekeeper is the civilelis

2 45 BETT - 150 / C

## CHAP. XV.

Come then, the colours and the ground prepare!

Dip in the rainbow, trick her off in air,

Choose a firm cloud before it fall, and in it

Catch, cre she glance, the Cynthia of the minutes

Pore.

On the close of the first day's journey, lady Monteith accidentally inquired how far they were from Oxford. "Admira-" bly recollected!" cried his lordship; "I have always intended to go there, "and never could find time. We will "take it in our way to London."

"Don't you recollect," faid the countes, "that by the last accounts "from Scotland our friends intend to be in town before the end of this week?"

O! we shall run all over Oxford in a day or two. Beside, suppose m 3

" they do get to Portland-place before

" us, my housekeeper is the civilest,

" best-bred creature you ever saw, infi-

" nitely fuperior to the myrmidons near

"Kinloch-castle. She will make them

" very fine courtesies, and they will

glide about and get over their first

" wonder before we reach town."

" But will that be perfectly respect-

" ful and accommodating?"

" My dear Geraldine, if you take

" fo much pains to accommodate other

" people, they will foon give you a

" furfeit of courtefy. My good aunt

" in particular; the has had her own

" way years enough; and for fear she

" should take up any idea of managing

" me, I shall shew her at first that I

" mean to please myself, and never care

" what she or the world think about

es it."

"in a day or two. Dende

The excursion to Oxford being now as irrevocably fixed as the ancient laws of the Medes and Persians, lady Monteith privately dispatched her own servant to town with the best apology her invention could frame to her expected guests.

On entering the feat of the Muses,

-Mother of arts

" And eloquence, native to famous wits,

" Or hospitable, in her sweet reces,

"City or suburban, studious walks and shades,"
the counters felt a refined pleasure, uninterrupted by any painful recollections,
till her lord, as he hurried her from the
Theatre to the Rajcliffe Library, suddenly exclaimed, "Have you not some
"curiosity of your own to exhibit at
"Oxford,—a quondam lover? How you
"blush, you little tyrant! I must see
"him.—I once intended to cut the
"fellow's throat; but I am quite in
"charity with him now. Where is

M4 "he?

" he? we will have him with us at the " hotel this evening."

" Indeed, my lord," stammered lady Monteith, " I am afraid he cannot " come. He is very ill."

" Ill!-O! then we will go and fee

" him. What college does he belong

" to?-Come, we can go to his rooms

" firft." stored by bylida the world tog in "

" Not without fome previous no-

" tice," faid the countess. " His

or complaint is on his spirits, and we

or shall only agitate him. It is a low ser fever "Do beintud od at chrowed dit

" A low fever !" replied his lordship with a loud laugh. " A strong love-fit

wyou mean. You spirited him off

" very cleverly, Geraldine, and just in

es time to fave his life; for I had writ-

ten a challenge for him. I wonder,

" by the bye, why you came to refuse

him; for he must be one of your ss her

" own

" own accommodating fort of people,

" to give up a charming girl to a stran-

" ger, and afterwards fall fick; about

" her himself. We will have him;

" the fight of you, and a bottle or two

of claret, will cure his low fever."

You are all in the wrong," replied lady Monteith, who could scarcely summon sufficient spirits to parry this attack; "but all your manœuvres shall not make me gratify your curiosity by explaining this enigma. I will write to Henry, and ask him to give us the meeting; but pray, remember, that he really is unwell, and also naturally timid and reserved. Spare your raillery therefore; for, though you will be wide of the mark, his fensibility is so acute, that it may give him pain."

Lord Monteith, with truth, declared that he never defigned to give any one uneafinels.

uncafines. On returning to the inn her ladyship dispatched the following letter:

"To HENRY POWERSCOURT, Efq.

. " It is impossible to pass through " Oxford without feeling a folicitude " for the health of my valuable friend; " and if it be fufficiently restored to the exertion, your company this " evening would afford me peculiar pleasure. Lord Monteith joins anxi-" outly in this with. His impatience 44 to be introduced to one, on whole merits he has often heard my father " expatiate, would have carried him to " your apartments; but I doubted how " far you might be able to bear his " wifit. Come to us, my dear Henry, " if you possibly can; perhaps my . " lord's playful vivacity may enliven you. To see you well and happy is undefinells.

" the only addition now wanting to the felicity of

"Your ever-faithful "and grateful friend, "GERALDINE MONTEITH."

finitipings w The fervant who carried this epiftle returned with the intelligence that the gentleman had been very ill, and was gone for change of air to some friend's house a few miles in the country; but that his fervant happened to come to his lodgings to inquire for messages just as he was there; and that he had given him the letter to carry to his master. " How far was his friend's house from " Oxford?" The fervant could not tell. " Did he know the name of the gen-" tleman at whose house he was?" No. " Nor the name of the place?" Still a negative-" Blockhead!"-but I shall omit the epithets by which my lord expressed M 6

No other incident worth recording occurred during the remainder of their journey to London. On their arrival at their town residence, a number of servants ranged themselves on each side the entrance to welcome their approach.

a chum, to amuse him with a game at

piquet, vol. a litoria sid and til wolli

Though

Though Monteith had not bestowed much trouble in facrificing to the Graces, he possessed all the natural elegance of a Belvidere Apollo. He prefented their new mistress with a look of benevolent freedom, which his features were particularly calculated to express; and he told them, that she was come to make them all as happy and as good as herfelf. The countefs's heart felt agreeably elated. She cast a benignant glance around, and advancing to the housekeeper, who stood at the head of the female party, after an affurance of general good-will to all, the preffed her hand with that graceful affability which was concomitant to all her actions; when the words " Lady Madelina" instantly changed the fcene; berentura anotherous

Her ladyship was indeed advancing in propria persona, bridling with stiff dignity, rendered yet more stubborn by a smo-

a fmothered fense of affront. She congratulated her nephew in terms folemnly fententious, and then bent her knees to the bride with the overstrained lowlines of proud humility. Monteith, though he knew his aunt's character, felt thunderstruck; and the timidity which her ladyship's dress, figure, and manner excited, annihilated all the polished elegance of Geraldine. The parties, therefore, flood like what the foortimen call hounds at a fault, till lady Madelina waved her hand for her niece to go up stairs first; which the latter declining, the former wheeled round, and, in the fame confequential manner, reascended to the drawing-room. Lord Monteith, as he followed in the procession, muttered to himself, " No! this will never do." callybut and

in their chairs took up fome minutes;

and after three introductory hems, Geraldine ventured to try the found of her own voice by expressing her regret that they were not in town at the time of lady Madelina's arrival; the only answer to which apology was a majestic bend. Again the young countels made an effort at conversation, by hoping that her ladyfhip's health had not fuffered from the fatigue of her long journey; another bend, and a negative, was the answer. "Silence again reigned unrivalled queen," till her empire was terminated by the entrance of her fworn enemy lady Arabella, who, having given the finishing arrangement to her dress, swam into the room to eclipse her new fifter in those qualities of wit and beauty for which she had heard the was diftinguished; and certainly, if feature alone could denominate the latter, and volubility the former, the fair 14

Till

fair Geraldine must have hid her dimi-

Nature who had bestowed upon the earl of Monteith the Striking advantages of a fine figure and an agreeable countenance, had been still more bountiful to his fifter, whose face and perfon had all the regular lovelines which the vainest mother could ever defire for a darling daughter. Thele superior attractions appeared in her earliest years; and as the fystem of policy pursued by the house of Macdonald did not add any lucrative temptations to the charms of their females, this rare bounty of nature was treasured with the most unremitting care, as a fure means of fecuring an honourable establishment. The plan of her education confided in avoiding whatever was bad for the eyes, bad for the shape, and bad for the complexion; and in acquiring whatever was

per-

perfectly elegant and suitable for a young lady of the first fashion.

I have already mentioned the mournful incidents which in her feventeenth year banished the lovely Arabella from London, and confined her within the feeluded walls of Kinloch. The fame event put a stop to her improvements and her pleasures. The confined education of her present protectress, lady Madelina, had not even paced the narrow circle of female accomplishments; and her observations had been wholly limited to the neighbourhood where her local pre-eminence allowed her to reign undifputed fovereign. No wonder, therefore, that she conceived her niece to be a miracle of erudition, because she could speak French with tolerable volubility; or that her jejune performances in music and painting should meet with unbounded celebrity among the vifitants at the castle, where few understood, and none dared to censure. But, exclusive of the pleasure which even gross adulation bestowed, the three years which she spent in Scotland formed one continued period of mortification and regret.

Lady Madelina's recollection of those eatly difficulties which had at last influenced her to reward fir Simon's long and generous attachment, determined her to rescue her niece from fimilar trials by adopting her for her beiress to those ample possessions which her uxorious hulband had alienated from his own family. But upon becoming perfonally acquainted with her, and finding that all the beauty and all the virtues of the race from old Donald to the prefent times were centered in the peerless Arabella, she grew passionately fond of her, or rather blindly partial to what

what she fancied the summit of all human excellence. To banish her chagrin, and to awaken reciprocal attachment, she treated her with unbounded indulgence; but as indulgence always defeats its aim, it neither made the young lady grateful nor happy. On the contrary, the grew every day more capricious, vain, and wretched. She could not love or respect a person who neither checked her faults not strengthened her virtues. She foon learned the art of turning her aunt's weakness to her own advantage, and confidered the favours fhe received as a tribute rather than an obligation. Without one fensible friend to enlighten her judgment, without one correct model by which to form her character, the mistook affectation, elegance, and fastidiousness, for delicacy.

Nor did her dislike of retirement proceed from a relish for polished society

and refined pleasures. She only thought that the power of her charms was limited to too narrow a fphere; and she wished. like the fair Phaëton of the last age, to " obtain the chariot for a day," that " fhe might fet the world on fire."

Though an invitation to London had at first inspired a heartfelt complacency for her new fifter, her reported graces had foon obliterated that idea, and ingrafted in its flead the baneful germ of envy. Had the lovely Geraldine entertained fimilar ideas, their first interview might rather have been called the battle of the beauties, than an attempt to conciliate fifterly affection and reciprocal regard and hist stopmaghing and

Proteus, the poets tell us, could affume a a thousand refemblances; but, whether he feemed a lion or a fawn, he was Proteus still. Like him, lady Arabella could tack an infinitude han

of

of modes on her natural habit; but, whether it was the manner of the dove or the magpie, she was still at heart the vain, cold, selfish Arabella. After a long confultation she had determined, that the brilliant would be best suited to her intention of intimidating her rival; and having arranged her drefs in a manner better adapted to the magnificence of a court-ball than to the ease of a private party, she burst upon her aftonished fister-in-law, who in vain attempted to trace a remote refemblance of that artless wild amplicity which her creative imagination had assigned to the unknown "Highland laffie.",

The introductory compliments were now dispatched in a manner diametrically the reverse of the dry reserve of the former conversation. Lady Arabella was in ecstaly. The careless simplicity of the bride's travelling habit could not pretend

pretend to any competition with her own profusion of ornament; and both the beauty and the vivacity of Geraldine suffered from the chagrin which the manners of her visitors inspired. Conscious superiority always speaks in hyperbole. Arabella had been immensely tired with her journey, was rapturously delighted with her new relation, and infinitely solicitous that they might soon become the strictest of friends.

While she spoke, her eye reverted to every object, except the subject of her enthusiastic admiration. Her aunt viewed her with a complacency which the countess thought her seatures could not possibly have assumed, but which was sometimes interrupted by observing what effect this sparkling conversation had upon the Monteiths; for, though it could not possibly answer any end, lady Madelina

Madelina would have felt mortified if even her nephew did not acknowledge how infinitely his fifter excelled his wife. Her observations that evening were limited to a short period: his lordship had business to transact with his banker, which could not possibly be delayed; and he soon left them, whispering his lady, "Go to bed if you are tired of "them."

Geraldine did not conceive herfelf warranted to follow her lord's advice. She made some attempts to gain a share in the conversation; but the playful wit and easy sweetness which at Powerscourt "engrossed all hearts and charmed all eyes," had now lost all its power, and she sunk quietly into the less brilliant but useful character of a hearer; while her guests enumerated the old titles which might be revived in the house of Macdonald, and settled

the exact place in which the representative of their honours ought to walk at the next coronation.

They separated at an early hour. The young countels did not find herfelf difposed to seep, unaccustomed as she had been to contempt and to unkindness. Powerscourt and the friends of her youth rushed full upon her mind. "What," faid she to herfelf, " am I to " expect from strangers, when those " with whom I have just contracted the " tie of kindred are even studious to " shew their dislike of me?" To this reflection followed a fear, that her lord would leave her, unprotected, to their pride and folly; and the bitter tears which she had hitherto restrained coursed each other down her cheek.

At that instant lord Monteith entered. He had met with a party of his old friends, who would felicitate him upon

his

his nuptials, and he was returned home in a very joyous humour. "I was "very forry to leave you, my dearest "Geraldine," said he; "I know it was "rude and aukward to go out the first "evening after you came home; but "it was not in the power of man to "endure my consequential aunt, or the ridiculous automaton that Arabella has "become. Did they get a little more "tolerable after I lest them? Ha! you "are in tears—I swear by heaven, that "if they have given you the least "cause for uneasiness, they shall both "leave my house to-morrow morning."

Lady Monteith knew enough of the earl's temper to be convinced that this threat would be fulfilled. Her prudence not only determined her instantly to avert from herself the dreadful imputation of violating the harmony of the family into which she was adopted, but it work. I.

made her also resolve to assume the amiable character of a mediatrix if any contentions should in future arise. Happy in the hope that 'he should ever preferve her avowed pre-eminence in her lord's affections, her forrows feemed to diffipate like a morning mift, and she answered with a smile, that she had been wicked enough to be entertained with the eccentricities of the strangers, which doubtless proceeded from too recluse a mode of life, and would certainly be worn off by a little commerce with the world. "I have," continued she, "enough to condemn myself for ;-I have been se a petted child, and, feeling your aber fence this evening more than I ought, " Powerscourt returned to my memory. But do not reprove me. My heart, " Monteith, is formed for strong attacher ments. I have preferred you to my " father's house and my early friends; of yet must I ever remember that such "things were," and that they were most or precious.' The young earl gazed at her with the tenderest regard, vowed eternal affection, and for a moment wondered how he came to find out fuch an angelatted on animalemon and han

But while the amiable Geraldine thus purfued her early defign of fecuring, meliorating, and correcting the heart of her lord, his noble relations were employed in adding a little adventitious fuel to their own native fire. The stranger was arraigned (but not at the bar of justice or candour), and found guilty of the following offences, which, as they were supported by positive evidence, could not afterwards be disproved: First, she must be nobody, notwithstanding Mrs. Archibald Frazer, of Annale, had affirmed that the Powerfcourts were a good family; for lady Madelina had detected her in the very act of

of haking hands with a ferrant; belide, hady Monteith's sterrified manner at first feding her, proved that flie had never theen in company with a lady of iquality heforen Secondly, the was no beauty; for the was not above the middle fine, and her complexion no better than a sbrimette ; ber fedtures too had nothing of the Rubers' scaft, and were statally idifimilar to all the first rate touts in the picture gallery at Kinkoch. Thirdly, dhe was rio wit; ifor the hover tried at a repartee all the evening, and her expreffions were as dommon as those of a house-maid, " This degraded creature being no longer an object of terror to lady Arabella, the refelved torry if the -could not live supon good terms with her; and lady Madelina observed, that as the girl fectued good-tempered, and had a large fortune perhaps her nephew, who -mis but a thoughtles hind of va young iman; could not have done much better.

The could, therefore, only her from a lady Archelle, while the model feller have been that the best was completely.

## CHAP: XVI. qu saob us

Good humour only teaches charms to last,
Still makes new conquests, and maintains the past;
Love rais'd on beauty will like that decay,
Our hearts may bear its stender chain a day;
As slow'ry bands in wastonness are work,
A morning's pleasure, and at evening torn;
This binds in ties more easy, yet more strong,
The willing heart, and only holds it long.

sage burn locks of the northern beauty

The ceremony of congratulatory cards now commenced. It was followed by vifits from those ladies who wished to form a closer intimacy, and by the introduction of the bride and lady Arabella at court. The death of fir Simon, though now nearly banished by subsequent events from the memory of his amiable relic, was still too recent to allow of her joining in these ceremonies.

She could, therefore, only hear from lady Arabella, what she would rather have feen, that the bride was completely outdone upon every occasion. The fair narrator's laudable defign of making her aunt happy tempted her to some fmall exaggerations. The Grecian model of beauty, which the form and face of Geraldine refembled, was more confonant to the public tafte than the round vifage, uniform regularity of features, and auburn locks of the northern beauty. The figure of the latter was indeed more conspicuous; but being less correctly moulded by fashion, it seemed to yield in elegance to the polifhed fymmetry of the ever-graceful countels. The lily and the rose were rivalled by Arabella's complexion; yet lilies and roses may be bought at Warren's, which by candlelight look almost as well as nature; but what cofinetic can bestow that " pure and

and eloquent blood" which spoke in Geraldine's face, and might almost justify the opinion of the poet, "that her body thought?"

If from their persons the observer reverted to the dress and manners of the fifter beauties, the palm indisputably belonged to the countess. In her selection of ornament the correctness of her taste led her to reject what was exuberant and superfluous; and by studying fuitableness rather than splendor, the ever appeared with the graceful propriety of a woman of fashion; while lady Arabella was lost in the maze of taffels and flounces. The terms upon which fir William Powerscourt lived with his neighbours were not calculated to inspire his daughter's mind with any ideas of inherent superiority, further than what her own merit justified. His family pride was not of a hoftile character.

racter. It rather taught him to respect himself, than to despise others. Educated in the spirit of benevolence and universal good-will, if any indications of lacent vanity fometimes appeared to eleck the nobler growth of Geraldine's foul. Mrs. Evans was ever at hand to eradicate the pernicious weed. The internal principle thus fecured, her native good sense and observation taught her to copy the exterior of politeness from the best models which her situation afforded; and on her entrance into the first circles, she only appeared to want a little familiarity with peculiar customs, to realize in its fullest perfection the character of a well-bred woman.

On the contrary, lady Arabella's constant attempts to shine announced the effort, and missed the effect. Hauteur could not command respect from those who, equal or superior in rank, allowed

allowed nothing to the claims of a longer pedigree. Confessedly inferior to most young ladies of her own station in acquired graces, the mere attraction of beauty, though foon felt, was as foon forgotten. The flippant observation and fevere farcasm, which at Kinloch-castle passed for eloquence and wit, could not endure the test of more competent judges, who cannot relish a fneer unless recommended by fome other quality than mere malignity. When to thefe confiderations is added the reflection; that the world is generally more inclined to approve those who folicit their favour than those who command their attention. it will not be wondered at, that general opinion loudly proclaimed lady Monteith a very charming woman; and that if ever the filence of polite referve was interrupted by repeated inquiries of " What do you think of lady Arabella " Machowever N 5

" Macdonald?" the most candid answer generally received was, "Nothing very striking."

The Philosopher who attempts to defcribe the fecret powers of nature will not expect to trace the footsteps of the fovereign Queen " in crowded cities" or "the bufy haunts of men," but in the fequestered glen or uncultivated mountain. The Moralist who, by a description of the human character, wishes to correct the failings of the human heart, will not place his sphere of observation in those scenes where fashion prescribes a genteel uniformity of manners. The crowded rout, where every body is well-bred; the drawing-room, where every body is well dreffed; the public breakfast, where every body is lively; and the opera, where every body is in ecstacies, may prove an author's intimacy with the great world; but, however

however the reader may be dazzled by the glare of finery, the mind commonly complains of meagre entertainment. A few general observations will suffice to describe the first month of lady Monteith's acquaintance with fashionable life. She trod the giddy maze of diffipation with firm but graceful step. The voice of flattery, though foothing to her ear, excited no dangerous emotion. Her character retained its primitive virtues, her heart remained faithful to the impression which was now consecrated by indelible ties, and her judgment continued to prefer the mild luftre of connubial happiness to all the glare of fashion, and all the fascination of pleafure.

The earl of Monteith still continued to think his Geraldine the most perfect of all human beings, and himself the most fortunate man in the world. It

was impossible for him to think otherwife; for all his young friends declared him a happy fellow, and his courtly acquaintance pronounced his lady to be the most divine creature ever seen. It was aftonishing, they said, how she could acquire fuch an air of high ton in her feeluded fituation; and still more wonderful, that the resplendent fame of the fair recluse had not pervaded the rural fhades by which fhe was furrounded. "Your tafte in beauty, my lord," they added, " is perfectly accurate, and " the world is infinitely obliged to you " for introducing this paragon to its adoration."

His lordship always went home in raptures from such conversation; but his lady was either gone out with a party, or the presence of his noble relations qualified his transports, and convinced him that one angel cannot protect test the joys of the domestic paradile, if fpirits malign over-leap the facted inclofure. The hours intended to be devoted to the endearing charities of private life were most commonly usurped by high dispute and four contradiction. to which the foftening observations of the countefs could not always give the air of sportive raillery. Lady Arabella's positive refusal to attend a public breakfast given by one of her brother's greatest intimates, and to which he had thoughtlefsly engaged his female inmates without previously consulting lady Madelina, disconcerted the earl so much, that he determined even to give up the pleafures of London, and to betake himfelf to the wild shores of Loch Lomond, rather than continue where he could not be mafter of his own actions. To his loud complaints against feminine perverseness, his lady vainly attempted to oppose her observ-

observation, that though lady Arabella's refusal to go had rather an air of pertinacity, it merely restricted her own conduct, and could by no means be construed into an attempt to control his perfect liberty. The truth was, lord Monteith was as defirous of governing as his fifter was unwilling to obey; and his querulous hatred of restriction led him to scrutinize every word, look, and action, which feemed to militate against the wisdom of his decisions and the freedom of his conduct. Lady Arabella's refusal to go to the breakfast had been aggravated by fome reflections on the inviter's rudeness in not returning her curtefy at Ranelagh; to which lady Madelina added, that a neglect of politeness was the true criterion by which a plebeian family might always be discovered. His lordship so bitterly refented this farcasm, that, regardless of the 14

the fair fame of the titled Macdonalds now committed to his charge, he refolved to convince the world that peers of the realm may be as unpolite as commoners; and though lady Madelina and her niece talked of removing to a villa near Richmond in about a month, he determined not to endure the temporary thraldom, but immediately to emancipate himself from their fetters, by setting out for Monteith; and, with the inconsistency which frequently marked his character, he appointed the very morning fixed for his friend's public breakfast for his own departure.

Lady Monteith's heart, as I have already hinted, was not wedded to the amusements of London. Her natural taste and early habits did not teach her to start affrighted at the name of solitude, nor did the recollection of mild colloquial pleasures induce her to regret

the fociety the was going to leave. On the contrary, had the manner been better fuited to the project, the proposal of vifiting her lord's hereditary possesfions would have met her entire approbation. She would have rejoiced in the prospect of renewing those ties of gratitude and generofity, which had been long diffolved; and the hope of reanimating a forlorn defert region would have afforded equal gratification to her native benevolence and inherent love of diffinction. But while the recollected her lord's often-repeated preference of London and abhorrence of Scotland, fhe regretted that pique and displeasure, not duty and conviction, had wrought the defired change. Ruminating with deep regret on those traits of her husband's character, of which this incident gave her a full view, she shuddered at the idea of her own milery if the fatal period

period should ever arrive when she should lose her present influence over his affections. What was she to expect from passions so irritable, so impatient of control, and from a disposition so little influenced by the restraints of decorum, or the opinion of the world!

Mrs. Evans's remembered admonition diverted her mind from purfuing this melancholy thome; but, as fhe traced the chain of her parting precepts, fhe felt that there was one observation with which she never could coincide. Should the event which her fears anticipated ever take place, she knew it would be a missortune which time could never overcome, a forrow which patience never could soften.

While the sweetly-tempered mind of the young counters framed extenuating apologies, and concerted a thousand little acts of attentive kindness, to mitigate

tigate the painful effects of her lord's felf-willed negligence upon the minds of his friends, fhe was agreeably furprized to find affairs in the best train possible; and a greater degree of cordiality and good-humour arose from what she sufpected must have proved the death-blow to family amity. No fooner had the earl announced his intention of fetting out for Scotland, and trying to make his old castle something habitable, than the active imagination of lady Madelina flew. back to the times of her grandfather, when Monteith was in its greatest splendor. She again anticipated the found of the bugle-horn, reverberating round its projecting towers, to fummon the clan to attend their feudal chieftain to a hunting party or a curling match. Her mind now recurred to the grandeur of a public day, the court glittering with splendid visitors, the desolated halls

halls refounding with the cheerful notes of the bagpipe, and numerous fervants in gaudy liveries conducting the aftonished guests through the long galleries to a magnificent entertainment. Fired at the idea, her countenance lost its usual asperity, and with an air of melting kindness she applauded the wisdom of her nephew's project. " By all " means," faid she, " endeavour to re-" ftore the castle and its vicinity exactly " to the same state in which it was at " the time of your great-grandfather. " Never be feen beyond its walls with-" out a train of archers and broad-" fword-men. Your ancestors would " not even appear at Stirling without " fifty attendants, most of whom were " Macdonalds in the right line. It " struck an awe into the neighbour-" hood; for not one of these gentlemen

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ever condescended to engage in any mercantile pursuits, but dired every day at the laird of Monteith's table. The country was not then over-run with upstart traders, who, by introducing manufactories, as they call them, corrupt all the common people, and render them infolent to their fu-

perfors. I remember, even when I

was a child, that if a coach with the

" Macdonald arms quartered upon it did but pals through Glasgow, all the in-

habitants ran to the door, and testi-

a fied their respect by suitable gel-

tures; But now you may traverie

the whole town, and not one loom

" shall be stopped to pay you a proper

" compliment."

Let not the reader suppose that lady Madelina's harangue was intended to have terminated so abruptly. It might have

have extended to the length of the expostulation of the ghosts in Gray's "Long Story," had not Arabella taken advantage of a cough to rejoice that her dear fifter was going to recruit a little in the wholesome air of the Highlands after the fatigues of diffipated London. The pleasure which glowed in her countenance did not, however, in truth, refult from her hope that the faded cheek of Geraldine might foon refume its pristine roses. In spite of the contempt which she affected, the absence of a rival who abridged her conquests and humbled her vanity was the real fource of Arabella's joy.

Lord Monteith was so delighted to find his plans thus cordially approved, that his resentment immediately softened, and he politely offered his aunt the use of his house in London till she could fix herself herself in anagreeable residence. Her ladyship repaid the favour, by promising to restore all the valuable embellishments which she had surreptitiously conveyed to Kinloch castle, as soon as Monteith was reinstated in its pristine splendor.

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### CHAP. XVII.

which the aminale throughnings at follow

I rue the riches of my former fate;
Sweet comfort's blafted clufters I lament:
I tremble at the bleffings once fo dear.

Young.

THE, day preceding that fixed for her departure from London, lady Monteith was painfully furprized by the presence of an unexpected visitor. This was no other than Henry Powerscourt, who, having at last determined to visit Italy, imposed upon himself the severe task of bidding farewell to that treasure, the loss of which had rendered his native country a defart scene, barren of every joy and every hope. Having thus divulged a fecret, at which before I only hinted, it still remains necessary to develope the motives that induced this extraordinary lover to refuse the bleffing which which the amiable fingularities of fir William Powerscourt had placed within his reach.

From his earliest youth his susceptible mind had felt the full power of his cousin's charms; but while his admiration rendered her raillery more exquifitely painful, it prompted the ardent yet unacknowledged twith to acquire every laudable quality which could recommend him to the favour of the lovelieft of her fex. His inexperienced heart knew not the nature of that passion to which it was a victim; if it had, the native reclience of his mind would have started with inbred horror at a discovery that feemed to framp every ungenerous, mean, and ungrateful vice upon the unprincipled villain, who dared to lift his felfish eyes to the angelic daughter of his honoured benefactor. So far, therefore, from taking any indirect doida

direct means to obtain the object of his wishes, those wishes were unperceived even by himself, and he fancied that he cherished no other sentiments than such as could be justified by the ties of friendship and affinity. The general admiration which Geraldine attracted feemed to confirm this idea; and though the inquietude which he ever felt at hearing of her having made any particular conquest might have removed the delusion, he still foothed himself with the persuafion that his anxiety arose only from a friendly folicitude for her welfare, and he forbore to probe the wound till it became too deep to admit of cure.

The terms of the letter in which fir William had summoned him to Powerscourt excited a wild tumult of hopes and fears, and first convinced him that the interest he took in his fair cousin's happiness was not so entirely abstracted

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from felfish considerations as he had fupposed. A faithful old domestic, who was the bearer of this epiftle, could not forbear telling the enraptured youth, that the general report of the family pointed him out as the heir and fon-inlaw of their respected master. A thoufand expressions of fir William's were now recollected in an instant, and Henry's ardent mind explained their equivocal nature as decidedly fignificant of the generous plan which had been long formed in his favour. His reception elevated these hopes into certainties; for, though fir William forbore any particular explanation, the uncommon kindness of his manner, and some injunctions to Henry to do fuch and fuch things after he was gone, banished every remaining doubt of his intentions.

Nor did Miss Powerscourt's unusual dejection alarm her lover with the apprehension

prehension that her fentiments were not in unison with her father's. He thought that a reflecting mind must feel a temborary depression during the period of a decision so momentous to its future welfare. Yet while he regretted the abfence of that charming vivacity which he alike dreaded and admired, and anxiously wished that fir William's expected declaration would release him from that filence which his delicacy prescribed, and leave him at liberty to reassure his mistress's virgin heart by protestations of fervent gratitude and unalterable love, he thought even Geraldine herself never appeared so lovely with all her enchanting graces sporting around her, as she did in her present interesting melancholy.

This golden dream foon terminated. On the fourth morning after his arrival at Powerfcourt, Henry surprised Ge-

owiff or fini

raldine in an agony of grief too violent to be referred to any other cause than extreme and hopeless forrow. The folicitude of generous love was instantly awakened, and he entreated her confidence in terms strongly indicative of affectionate fympathy. "If," faid the lovely mourner, fixing her radiant eyes upon him with a firm but despairing look; "if you are indeed the noble difinterested Henry I have ever supposed vou, I may yet be happy; if not, " I am a wretch for life. " a time for disguise and affectation. " My father intends that you should be " my husband; but though I esteem your virtues, my heart avows a preof ference for another, which I never can furmount. Nothing but misery « can refult from our union. Be geer nerous, Henry; and, by refuling me, " prevent a disclosure which would be " destructive

" destructive to my father's peace, and to which nothing but despair shall ever drive me."

As all language would be inadequate to describe the feelings of Mr. Powerscourt, I shall only say, that he silently dropped the fair hand which he had ardently grasped at his entrance, and, after a minute's pause, stammered out a few words expressive of his resolution to comply with her request. He then hastened to the door. "Stay," said Geraldine, whose heart, relieved from the burden of her own forrows, instantly felt for him to whom she appeared to have transferred the infupportable load; "Stay, and hear the " effusions of gratitude, esteem, friend-" fhip" " No," faid the tortured youth, breaking from her, " if I flay " another moment, I never can refign "you." less sometime

gicalous.

His subsequent conduct has been already described, and the mystery of lady Monteith's requiring two thousand pounds a-year to be left at her fole difpofal will be explained, by observing that she thought even that splendid donative would be inadequate as a proof of her esteem for a man who had evidently facrificed his own happiness to her's. Her affectionate wishes pointed to Lucy Evans as his best and most suitable reward. ..... beneficit

Sir William's refentment at Mr. Powerscourt's supposed indifference to his daughter's merits had foon subsided, and a little after the departure of the Monteiths he fent him a friendly invitation to come and fee him, with an affurance that he was ready to ferve him in whatever way he thought proper to point out. Henry determined upon this visit, with the expectation that his melancholy

lancholy would be relieved by frequenting the scenes in which he had nursed his infant passion, and that the converfation of his respected benefactor would sooth his saddened spirits. The air of dejection and indisposition which was spread over his countenance excited the kind attention of his benevolent kinf. man. He took him all the walks and rides he used to take with Geraldine, and, by way of diverting him, constantly dwelt upon a theme which he thought must be pleasing, the affection of lord Monteith, and his daughter's happiness. "It is very strange," fir William fometimes faid to himfelf, " that "Henry refused Geraldine, and yet he " don't like to hear of her being happy " with her husband; and after all, they' " never used to fall out; and Henry is " a very good young man, with nothing " of envy or malice in his disposition."

He saw but little of the family at the rectory. Mrs. Evans declined rapidly; her husband seemed to need all the confolations of strong sense and christian fortitude to support the shock, and the gentle Lucy funk, like a broken lily under the beating of "the pitiless storm." She seemed studiously to shun conversing with Mr. Powerscourt; and when an interview was unavoidable, the was not only dejected but referved. As he once attempted to recall to her remembrance the joyous scenes of juvenile amusement, when the manor-house and the parsonage seemed alternately the temple of innocent cheerfulnels, the turned fuddenly, and, gazing at him, with a penetrating fmile, observed, "that " the temples remained, but they had. " loft the goddess who irradiated the " fcene."

nomeque nicht sellem 10 7 Difape.

Disappointed in his expectations of finding consolation in those objects which used to administer delight, Henry at last answered fir William's inquiries of what he could do to ferve him, by remarking, that he thought the falubrious climate of Italy might be of fervice to his health, and that the numerous objects which it prefented to the curious eye might diffipate the languor which indisposition excited. Though sir William was convinced that England, particularly Caernarvonshire, was the most healthful climate in the world, and contained a fufficient number of wonders to entertain any rational man, yet he thought that the whimfies of fick people should be treated with the same indulgence as their palled appetites. affent was accompanied by a liberal allowance; but he charged him to stop in London, and, if lord Monteith and Ge-

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raldine

raldine had not left it, to make their house his home for a few weeks. "The " company of your coufin," faid he, " will do you good; and my lord is " still livelier than she is. Beside, you " may have an opportunity of getting " the best medical advice the kingdom " affords; and, I charge you, don't be " guided by outlandish physicians while you are abroad, for they never can understand what is proper for an " English constitution. I have no " doubt, Henry, that your good sense " will keep you from running wild, as " many of our young fly-about travel-" lers do; and I dare fay you will not " difgrace my regard for you, by pretending, when you come back again, " to like other countries better than "your own." d hoinse moods arw to la

No physician at that time residing in London who "could minister to a mind

mind difeafed," or who could "pluck from the memory a rooted forrow." Mr. Powerfcourt did not apply for medical affistance; and he regretted that the established laws of society compelled him either to visit the fair troubler of his peace before he left England, or, by attempting excuses to which his ingenuous nature was unequal, excite suspicions of a fecret which he flattered himfelf was confined to his own bosom. He called at Portland-place at an unseasonable hour, and without previously announcing his intentions. He was, however, admitted, contrary to his hopes, and found himself in the countess's dressing-room before he had acquired fufficient fortitude to support the trying interview. He advanced with timid steps, resigned her offered hand with respectful cold. ness, and, glancing his eyes over the 0 6 happy vbs.I

happy envied Monteith, took a chair, and attempted a perplexed conversation.

His lordship immediately found that his intended raillery had loft all its enticing piquancy. The dejection, embarrassment, and evident indisposition of his rival affected his good nature, and he strove by repeated attentions to dissipate his confusion. But as it rather increased than diminished, his lordship recollected that his behaviour might have an air of infult; and, after two or three attempts to occupy his own mind by reading the charades written on a firescreen, he at last considered, that the most conciliating conduct he could adopt would be to take himself out of the room, which, after defiring Henry to spend the day with them, he immediately did, with too much precipitation to hear his reply.

Lady Monteith was by this time fufficiently recovered from the perturbation which native delicacy and innate benevolence had excited, to inquire after her father's looks and spirits. She heard with delight that he feemed perfectly well. " And," added Henry, " I have the unfpeakable pleasure to fay, that, thanks to your generous media-" tion! I feem completely restored to

" Do not talk of my generofity, Hen-" ry, for fear I should enter upon a "never-ending theme-But our friends of at the rectory-Can you tell me any

" good news of them?"

" his favour."

" Mrs. Evans declines rapidly-she " cannot continue long."

. O, my dearest Lucy," faid the countels, burfling into tears, " excel-"lent, forlorn girl! who will comfort " you !" To deed.

" Can those be forlorn whom you

" love ?" replied Henry. "Your friend-

" ship, Geraldine, is a blessing which

" must compensate for every other loss."

You forget that my present situa-

"tion imposes duties upon me which

" no longer leave me at liberty to fly

" to that dear girl to comfort her filial

" forrow. Does the feem fenfible of

"her approaching calamity?"

" I do not know; I faw very little of

" her. Can you tell me, lady Mon-

" teith, why I have been fo unfortunate

" as to lofe Miss Evans's confidence?"

"You cannot have loft it; I know

" her fentiments too well; she regards

" you with all the esteem your merit

" deferves." " "mool bunitgoo tonnes "

" I thought myself a blank in the crea-

" tion, banished from the good opinion,

"of every one except your excellent

" father."

" Ir.deed,

Indeed, Henry, you must cast aside this mifanthropic humour. It robs

" you of all the amiable candour na-

"tural to your character." neilalitation

" I truft, lady Monteith, I shall find " it the disease of the climate. In eight-and-forty hours I hope to bid a long farewel to England, to all my " forrows, and-" he just recollected himself in time to forbear adding, "and

" to you." to you the set said about a sough " Let me not," faid the countess in evident emotion, " engross any more " of your time, which must be fully " occupied with preparations for your " journey. We shall, I trust, meet " on your return, with the reciprocal " pleasure our early interviews afforded. " Permit me to address to you those " fentiments in writing which I find " it impossible to utter in conversa-" tion."

which our analy of the

He replied, "Your letters, madam, "will be invaluable." Finding his refolution unequal to the task of further conversation, he presented his address, bowed, and withdrew.

As Henry Powerscourt will not for some time appear again upon the scene, I shall subjoin lady Monteith's first epistle to him, with his answer. They occasionally corresponded during his residence abroad; but the remainder of his letters were irrelevant to the subject of this history.

To HENRY POWERSCOURT, Efq.

"Do not accuse me of departing from the delicacy of my sex, if the warm interest which your welfare and happiness excite induces me to adopt a freedom in my expressions which our near affinity and long friendship alone can justify. Far from feeling

" feeling the cruel pride of conquest,

" my heart participates in your dejec-

" tion fo strongly, that while I fancy

" myself the cause of your unhappiness,

" I think it is selfish in me to enjoy

" that cup of bleffing which would

" otherwise be my portion.

" I have reconsidered my conduct

" from my girlish days. Youthful le-

" vity may have led me into indifcre-

tions; but my conscience acquits me

of the base coquetry of endeavouring

to excite hopes which I never meant

to confirm. Let the friend whom I

" shall ever esteem, after a retrospect

" of his own conduct, declare what

of his own conduct, declare what

" part of his behaviour expressed senti-

" ments too lively to be applicable to

" the affection of a relation, and the

" intimacy of a companion. If I rightly

" appreciate the purity of his principles,

" he would have rejected with abhor-

" rence

STATE THE TO SE

" rence every defign of forming a con-

" nection unfanctioned by my father's

approbation, and the knowledge of

" that approbation was not communi-

cated till my heart had lost the power

" of being just to the merits of the man

" he proposed.

" When I appealed to your genero-

" fity, I knew not how painful a facri" fice I required. The more I feel it,

" the more I venerate your character;

" while my knowledge of your firm

" felf-denying fortitude encourages the

" hope that it will be finally exerted

of for the restoration of your own peace

of mind; that time and absence will

" prevent your exalted spirit from bend-

" ing under an unavoidable disappoint-

ment; and that your affections will

" at last be just to the merits of some

" amiable woman, who, with virtues

" fuperior to what I could ever boaft,

" will

will bless you with the undisputed

" preference which, much as I esteem

" your merit, I never could bestow.

" England, my dear Henry, contains

" many fair patterns of feminine worth;

but I will not point out that excel-

" lence which your judgment will best

" discover. Let it suffice for me to fay,

" that, as my happiness must be in-

" complete while corroded by the for-

" rows of those whom I tenderly love,

" prudential confiderations need not

" circumscribe your choice. I owe you

er a debt of gratitude, which a pecuni-

" ary recompence, however liberal, can

" never repay. Let me hear frequently

from you, and let me hope that the

" reasons will soon cease which banish

" you from the fight of

" GERALDINE MONTEITH."

" To the Countels of MONTEITH.

"I confide in your honour for the concealment of a passion which I trust your discernment has alone discovered. No blame attaches to the conduct of the most amiable of women. The audacious, but inexperienced youth, who presumed to admire the most attractive pattern of semale loveliness he ever beheld, deserves to suffer for the presumptuous hopes which a father's preserence first tempted him to encourage,

"Anxious to avoid giving pain to that heart which I earneally pray may long continue the peaceful feat of connubial happiness, I will endeavour to exert the firmness you recommend. I will pay a strict regard to my health, and court amusement in

in every justifiable form. Should I " fail in my efforts to regain my peace " of mind, let not the rectitude of " your principles start at the idea of " inspiring an unwarrantable sentiment " in my breaft. An innocent attach-" ment shall never degenerate into a " guilty passion. I remember that you " are now the wife of the earl of Mon-" teith: I remember that I withdrew " my pretensions in deference to his " juster claim. Eternal infamy light " upon the wretch who feeks to disfolve " a bond fanctioned by every law hu-" man and divine! Eternal infamy light " upon him who, under the pretence es of pure sentimental attachment, seeks " to excite an undue interest in a ma-" tron's heart! I will never return to England till I can fee you without " emotion in that character; and this er is

#### 310 A TALE OF THE TIMES.

" is the last letter which shall express a

" thought inconsistent with the equa-

or nimity of an affectionate relation and

a fincere friend.

#### HENRY POWERSCOURT."

e ment thatt never degenerate into a

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## END OF THE FIRST VOLUME.

" upon the pretch who folks to diffolye
" nain and divined Eternal industy law has
" upon him who, under the pretence
" of pure few incusty machinents focks
" to excite an undue interest in a ma" tron's heart! I will never return to
" Kingland till I can fee you without
" emotion in that character; and this

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